

FranklinWH Installation Guide

Applies to: aGate X 1.3 & aGate X 1.3.1, SKU: AGT-R1V2-US; AGT-R1V3 -US
aPower 1.3, SKU: APR-05K13V1-US

September 4, 2026

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Please visit *FranklinWH Support* for the latest FranklinWH documents.

All brands and trademarks mentioned in this document are the property of their respective owners, and their use in this document does not imply the sponsorship or recognition of their products or services.

Please read this document carefully to ensure the best reliability of the product and your warranty eligibility. For further information about the warranty, please refer to the ***FranklinWH Limited Warranty***.

This document is intended for use by professional installation and maintenance service providers only and no statements, information or recommendations in this document constitute any express or implied warranty.

Product Information

The FranklinWH system is composed of aGate, aPower, the FranklinWH App, and other electrical components.

FranklinWH Energy Storage Inc. (FranklinWH) reserves the right to make any improvements to the product, and the contents in this document shall be subject to updates without further notification.

All images and pictures provided in this Manual are only for demonstration purposes and may differ in detail from the product, based on the product version.

FCC Compliance

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

MPE caution (if an FCC certified RF module is inserted in and the separation distance is indicated in the FCC grant of RF module).

To satisfy FCC / IC RF exposure requirements, a separation distance of 8 in. (20 cm) or more should be maintained between the antenna of this device and persons during device operation.

To ensure compliance, operations at closer than this distance is not recommended.

Feedback

If you have any questions or comments, please send us an email at: *service@franklinwh.com*

Disposal of Scrapped Products

Scrapped products (including their internal chemicals and electrical materials) should not be disposed of with household waste. Please refer to your local laws and regulations regarding disposal.



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Safety Statements

This Guide includes important information about the FranklinWH System. Please read this Guide carefully before installation, maintenance, or use. Failure to follow any instruction in this Guide may lead to risks of equipment damage, electric shock, severe personal injury and even death, and may also void the warranty (*FranklinWH Support*).

Only FranklinWH certified and qualified technicians may install, maintain, or replace equipment or wiring.

The safety messages labeled DANGER, WARNING, CAUTION, and NOTE are supplemental to the safety instructions in this guide and do not address all possible hazards or conditions.

Safety Symbols

Type	Symbol	Definition
Safety Alert Symbols		
DANGER		Indicates a hazardous situation that, if not avoided, will result in serious injury or death.
WARNING		Indicates a hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in serious injury or death.
CAUTION		Indicates a hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.
NOTE		Indicates information considered important, but not related to personal injury.
IEC Standard Graphical Symbols		
PROTECTIVE GROUNDING TERMINAL		This indicates the position of grounding connection on the equipment.
WAIT TIME		It means there are electric shock risks inside the equipment, please wait 5 minutes before proceeding.
ELECTRONIC DEVICE: **DO NOT THROW AWAY**		Scrapped electronic products and batteries cannot be disposed of together with household waste. Please consult your local laws and regulations for further information.

Safety Instructions

All installation, wiring, maintenance, transportation, and handling of equipment must comply with applicable local laws, regulations, and standards. The safety instructions in this guide supplements those requirements.

Electrical Hazards	**DANGER** Electrical shock and chemical exposure hazards. Will result in electric shock, burns, serious injury, or death. Do not open the cabinet or disassemble the product without specific direction from the FranklinWH service team.
	DANGER Unexpected equipment energization hazard. Will result in electric shock, arc flash, serious injury, or death. Disconnect and padlock all upstream and downstream switches before installation or maintenance.
	WARNING Unexpected equipment energization hazard. Accidental operation of the ON/OFF switch could result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage. Keep the switch button on the right side of aPower in the OFF position to prevent accidental operation during installation and commissioning.
	WARNING Improper electrical connection. Incorrect wiring could result in fire, equipment damage, or serious injury. Do not connect aPower directly to a PV inverter.

Risk of fire and explosion hazard	**WARNING** Fire hazard. Excessive temperatures, flammable materials, or blocked ventilation could result in fire, serious injury, or equipment damage. Keep the ambient temperature below 122° F (50° C), keep the FranklinWH product away from flammable materials, and do not block the cooling system or ventilation openings.
Risk of battery hazard	**DANGER** Battery thermal runaway, leakage, smoke, or fire. Will result in fire, explosion, toxic fume exposure, serious injury, or death. If the aPower battery is leaking electrolyte, smoking, or catching fire, and if it is safe to do so, disconnect the AC power from the FranklinWH System and turn off the aPower switch to stop charging and discharging the battery.
	DANGER Battery fire occurs. Will result in severe burns, serious injury, or death. In case of a battery fire, take action as instructed in the ***Safety Data Sheet***.
Risks of installation and handling hazards	**CAUTION** Presence of concealed electrical wiring and water pipes during installation. Property damage, electric shock, water leakage, or personal injury. Before the installation starts, engineers should check and locate the embedded electric wires and water pipes to avoid potential property damage and personal injury during the installation process.
	CAUTION Improper handling and installation of aPower without lifting equipment. Personal injury and equipment damage could result. The aPower must be carefully handled and installed using lifting equipment to avoid injury to installers or the aPower.

	NOTE: During the transport and handling of aGate and aPower units, extreme care is required to avoid dropping, bumping, stomping, or inverting the equipment. To prevent potential damage, please keep all units in their packaging until ready to install.
Risks associated with environmental and site hazards	**WARNING** Proximity to heat sources or ignition sources during installation. Fire or equipment damage may result. The installation site should be away from heating devices, or any source of heat and/or fire.
	WARNING Presence of flammable or explosive materials near the installation area. Fire or equipment damage may result. The installation area should be away from flammable and explosive materials.
	WARNING Outdoor installation, maintenance, or handling during severe weather conditions. Electric shock, fire, equipment damage, or serious injury may result. It is strictly forbidden to install, maintain, or handle the system outdoors during bad weather conditions, such as lightning, thunder, rain, snow, or strong winds.
	WARNING Foreign objects entering aPower, aGate, or other FranklinWH devices. Equipment damage, short circuit, or malfunction may result. Prevent foreign objects from entering any aPower, or aGate, or other FranklinWH device.

	WARNING Use of cleaning agents or exposure to flammable or irritant chemicals or vapors on aPower or aGate. Equipment damage, fire, or chemical exposure hazards may result. Do not clean aPower and aGate units with cleaning agents or expose them to flammable or irritant chemicals or their vapors.
	WARNING Presence of overhead or nearby water sources at the installation site. Water ingress may result in equipment damage, electric shock, or fire. The installation site should have no water source above it or in the vicinity, including water pipes, shower, faucet, and containers of liquids.
	NOTE: Before installation, do not store an aPower on site for more than one month. After installation, do not turn on the aPower before connecting the PV and grid, otherwise the battery will be depleted due to a long period of time without charging.
	NOTE: Either Ethernet or Wifi connectivity should be provided at the aGate installation site. Ethernet and Wifi connections are more reliable, but 4G connections are also possible, though not suggested as the primary method.
Regulatory and Compliance Requirements	**NOTE:** The installation of the FranklinWH System must comply with all applicable codes and requirements set by the local AHJ, utility companies and/or the state.

	NOTE: Both electric connection and electric isolation need to comply with the local standards and National Electric Codes (NEC), ANSI/NFPA 70 or Canadian Standards Association CSA C22.1.
	NOTE: The installer needs to provide suitable conduits and cables, and complete the installation process in accordance with the local regulations.
Critical Safety Practices	**DANGER** Energized electrical circuits during installation, service, or maintenance. Electric shock, arc flash, serious injury, or death. Before any electrical operation starts, please turn off the grid power supply switch, generator input switch, the PV input switch, the load switch, and lock the switches. If the switches cannot be locked, please lock the distribution box where the switches are installed. A warning sign, **Out of Operation**, or **Do NOT Turn On,** should be hung.
	WARNING Exposure to electrical, mechanical, or environmental hazards. Failure to wear appropriate PPE may result in electric shock, burns, or serious injury. Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) at all times during installation and service.
	WARNING Working on or operating the system alone. Potential safety risks with no on-site assistance in case of emergencies. Always ensure another person is present to provide assistance during system operation or servicing.

	WARNING Unauthorized disassembly, repair, modification of aGate or aPower, or opening of the battery pack chamber. Serious safety hazards and voidance of product warranty. Do not disassemble, repair or modify aGate or aPower without FranklinWH authorization. It is prohibited to open the battery pack chamber in any situation.
	WARNING Operating damaged or malfunctioning devices. Personal injury and equipment failure may occur. If a FranklinWH device is found damaged (except for minor defects in exterior painting) after it is unboxed or malfunctioning on installation, please do NOT operate it and contact service support at +1 888-851-3188 or email *service@franklinwh.com* for assistance.
	NOTE: Do NOT use paint on any part of a FranklinWH product, whether internal or external, especially on the protective cover except for exterior paint that has been worn out or damaged in the transportation, installation, or maintenance process. The damaged part can be repaired using a water-based paint or topcoat of the same color.
	NOTE: For maintenance purposes, do NOT use any parts or fittings that are not listed in this Guide or that are purchased from any source other than FranklinWH or its recognized dealers.

Fire and Other Emergency Situations

Fire: • Shut off the aPower breaker on the aGate, if it is safe to do so. • Evacuate to a safe area. • Contact 911 as soon as it is safe to do so. • Use approved fire extinguishing devices, if it is safe to do so.
Flood: • Shut off the aPower breaker on the aGate if it is safe to do so. • If the wiring sections of an aPower or aGate are submerged, please stay away from the water. Electric leakage may result in electric shock. • Drain the water to protect the system if it is safe and possible. • If water rises to the battery level, please call your installers for inspection. If water level is below the battery chamber, please allow the site to completely dry.
Abnormal noise, odor, or smoke: • Shut off the aPower breaker on the aGate, if it is safe to do so. • Check and ensure your aPower is well ventilated and the vents are not blocked. • Keep the installation site well ventilated. • Call your after-sales service for support.

Warranty Statement

The operation of the FranklinWH System requires an Internet connection. Extended offline operation may result in a voided warranty. Please refer to *FranklinWH Support* for information.

FranklinWH System Overview

The FranklinWH System is a comprehensive whole-home energy solution designed for residential applications requiring energy independence, cost optimization, and grid resilience. The system consists of three key components:

- **aGate**: An intelligent power management unit that provides whole-home power control.
- **aPower**: An energy storage unit featuring an integrated battery management system (BMS) and inverter.
- **FranklinWH App**: An app that helps both installers and homeowners configure, monitor and manage the system in real-time.

System Capabilities

The FranklinWH System manages and stores energy from multiple sources including the electrical grid, photovoltaic (PV) systems, certain approved electric vehicles (EVs), and backup generators. This stored energy can be strategically deployed to:

- Provide reliable backup power during grid outages (whole-home or partial-home backup)
- Optimize energy costs through time-of-use rate management and peak demand reduction
- Maximize PV self-consumption by storing excess solar generation for evening and nighttime use
- In a multiple-tariff use-case, selectively charge from non-exporting PV and allow exporting (net-metered or other) PV to export to the grid in compliance with evolving utility and regulatory standards
- Enable system owner and operator participation in Virtual Power Plant (VPP) and similar grid services programs

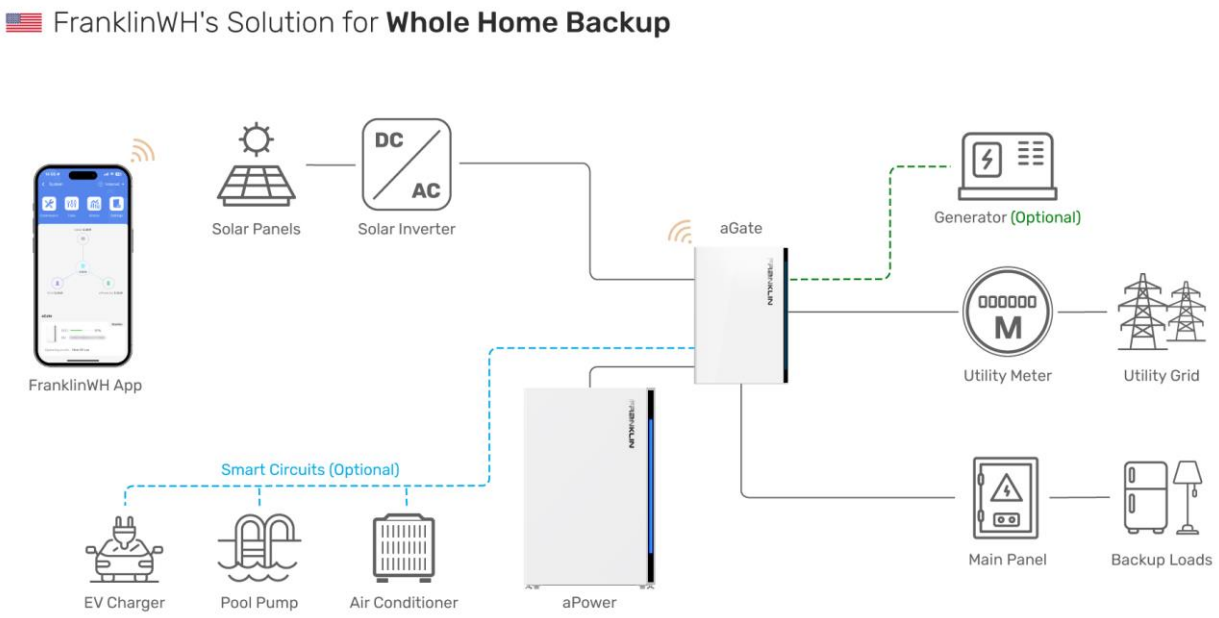
Operation and Control

System owners and operators can monitor and operate their systems remotely through the FranklinWH App, providing real-time visibility and control over their home energy management. The system's AC coupling and advanced energy management technologies deliver reliable household backup and intelligent load control capabilities suitable for residential installations.

Important: Load selection for whole-home versus partial-home backup configurations must be completed during the system design phase.

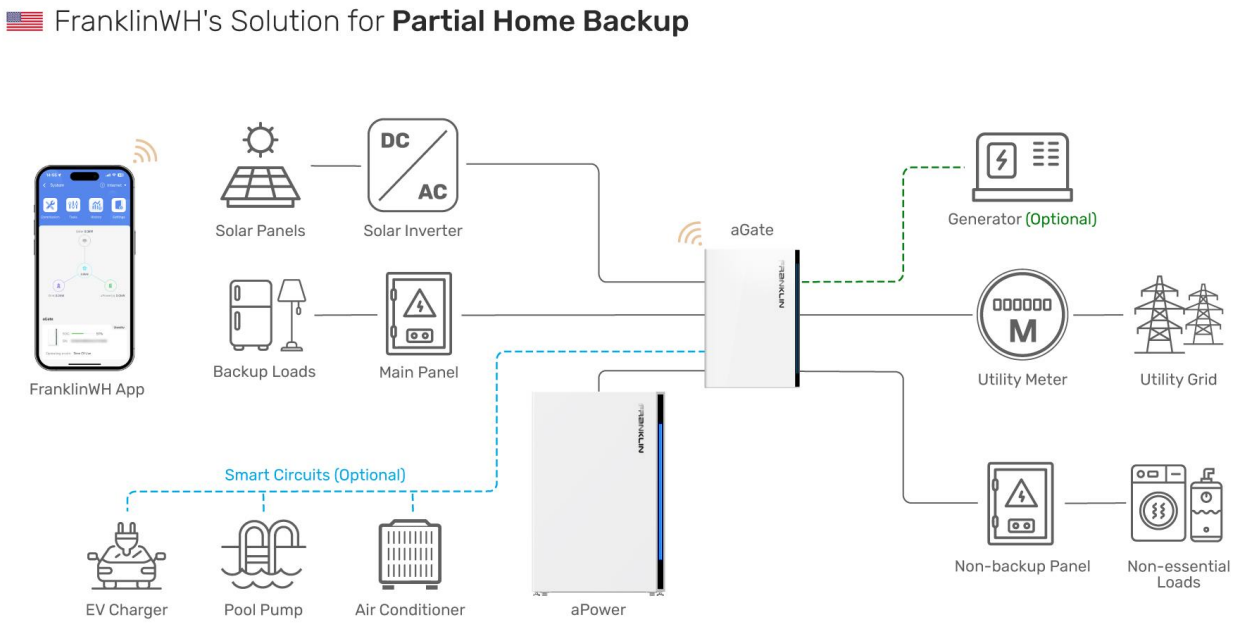
Whole-Home Backup System

In the whole-home backup system, all household loads, except for those on Smart Circuits, are connected via the Main Panel to the backup port of the aGate. If the grid fails, the FranklinWH will power all household energy loads.



Partial Backup System

If you select a partial backup configuration, you need to identify backup loads during system configuration. Connect the backup loads (except for Smart Circuit loads) to the aGate backup port and connect the non-backup loads to the aGate non-backup port. If the grid fails, the system will only power the backup loads during an outage.



Installation Preparations

Site Planning

1. Plan installation position

NOTE

The installation location must be away from heat sources, open flames, and flammable or explosive materials. Do not install the system in areas prone to flooding or standing water.

The aPower and aGate installation area should be well-ventilated to maintain the ambient temperature within -4° F to 122° F (-20° C to 50° C). In regions that experience prolonged periods of extreme cold, indoor installation is recommended to further enhance performance and longevity.



It is best practice to install the FranklinWH System in an area protected from direct sunlight, rain, and snow, and to avoid a direct south-facing orientation when installing outdoors for optimal performance. Extreme heat from direct sunlight may derate the output or affect equipment longevity beyond the warranty period for FranklinWH equipment.

In Canada, it's required to install the system indoors to maintain the specified operational temperatures.

Refer to all applicable local codes and standards.

a) Choose a mounting location that can bear the weight of the aGate, aPower and bracket.



NOTE: The clearance details below are general guidelines for spacing in accordance with NEC requirements. For countries or regions where NEC requirements are not applicable, please consult with your AHJ or Utility before finalizing the spacing.

aGate

There should be at least 6 in. (0.15 m) of clearance from the top of aGate to the ceiling, and 36 in. (0.91 m) of clearance in front of the aGate.

The recommended distance between the bottom of aGate and the ground is 48 in. (1.2 m), not exceeding 52 in. (1.3 m). The maximum distance between the power switch button on the aGate and the ground shall not exceed 79 in. (2 m) per the NEC requirements.

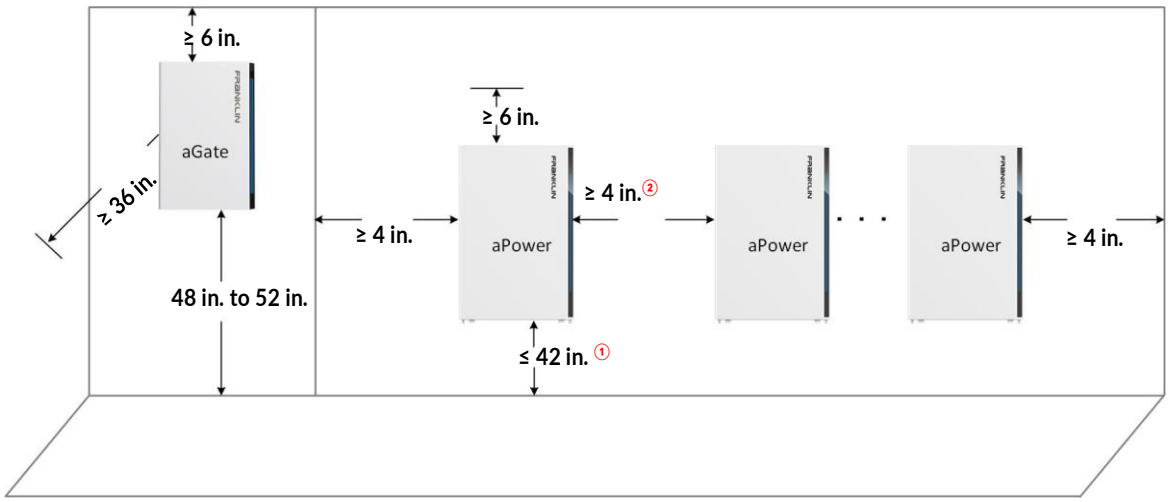
aPower

There should be a minimum clearance of 6 in. (0.15 m) from the top of aPower to the ceiling.

For an aPower mounted on a wall, the maximum distance between the bottom of the aPower and the ground shall be ≤ 42 in. (1.1 m) i.e., **the maximum distance between the aPower switch button and the ground shall not exceed 79 in. (2 m) per NEC 404.8(A) requirements.**

The minimum clearance between adjacent aPower units and from side wall is 4 in. (0.1 m). Ensure adequate spacing for connection access.

Note: *To facilitate the installation and maintenance of PE modules, it is recommended that the minimum separation between adjacent aPower units or side walls be more than 10 in. (0.25 m).*



① NEC 408.4(A) requires the aPower switch to be no more than 79 in. (2m) from the ground.

② 4 in. (0.1 m) between adjacent aPower units or side walls is UL9540A required clearance. Refer to all applicable local codes and standards.

b) The system requires an internet connection. All signal transfers between aPower and aGate units, the generator, and the router are provided by a CAN bus, network cables or other signal transmission cables. Long distances will likely adversely affect the quality and speed of communications, negatively impacting equipment operations. Recommended maximum cable lengths listed below.

Connection	Maximum cable length
aPower to aGate	164 ft (50 m)
Split CT to aGate	49.2 ft (15 m)

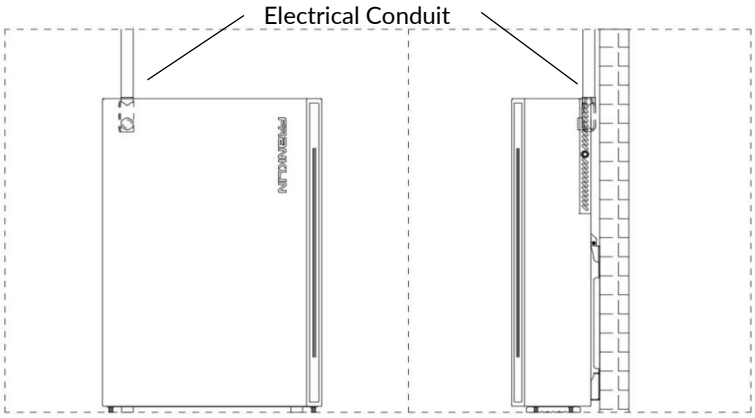
2. Plan the positions of equipment inputs and outputs

a) aPower inputs and outputs

The positions of inputs and outputs on an aPower are shown below. The following scenarios offer variations on the cable inlets and outlets of an aPower to accommodate variations in the existing residential wiring layout.

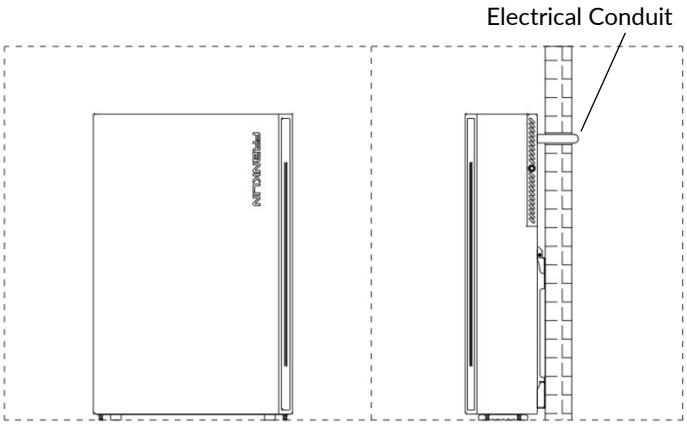
The cable inlets on the wiring compartment of an aPower are 1.38 in. (35 mm) and 1.12 in. (28.5 mm) in diameter. The pull boxes have thread size of NPT 1″ and NPT 3/4″ .

Scenario 1: The electrical conduits and aPower share the same side of the wall.



Gasketed pull boxes and sealing rings must be used to ensure the tightness of the wiring compartment.

Scenario 2: The cables will connect to the aPower from inside or through the electrical conduits through the wall.



Sealing rings must be used.

A good seal must be guaranteed between the electrical conduits and the wiring compartment which can be achieved by using a conduit hub, sealing rings, or caulk.

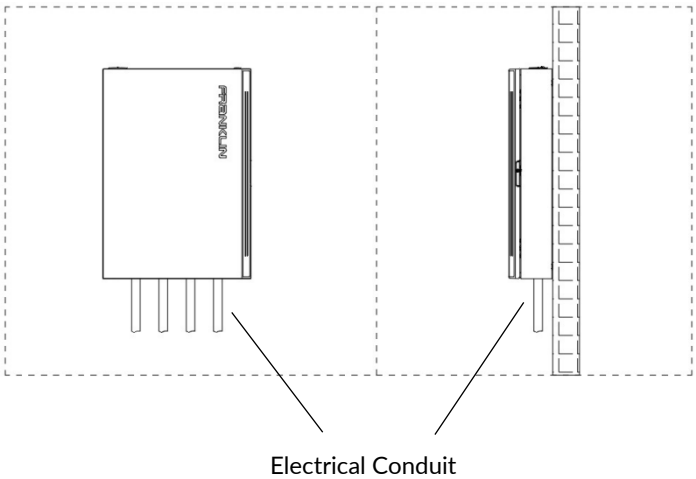
b) aGate inputs and outputs

The positions of inputs and outputs on an aGate are as shown below. The following scenarios offer variations on the cable inlets and outlets of an aGate to accommodate variations in the existing residential wiring layout.

The knockout holes on the left and lower panel of aGate are 1.38 in. (35 mm) in diameter, while the plug hole on the upper panel is 2.49 in. (63 mm) in diameter. If the knockout holes do not match the electrical conduits in hub diameter, additional reducing fittings will be needed to achieve the required IP grade.

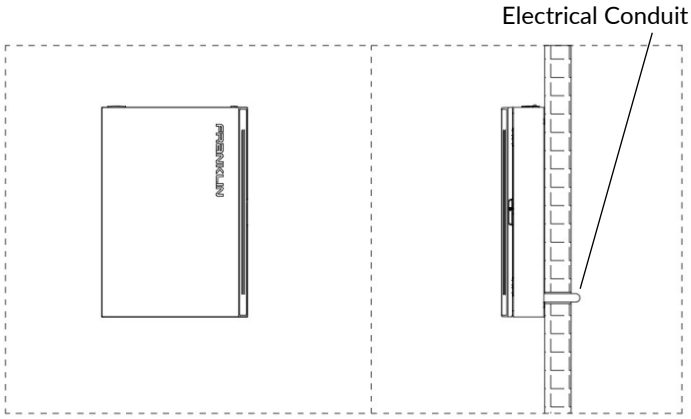
NOTE: It is recommended to install cables through the bottom of the aGate. If a top inlet cable is installed, additional waterproofing measures must be taken.

Scenario 1: aGate and electrical conduits share the same side of the wall.



If the aGate is installed outdoors, the electrical conduit is connected to aGate through the cable inlet on the upper panel. Water-proof sealant or caulk should be used between the reducing fitting, hub, electrical conduit, and aGate to enhance the watertightness.

Scenario 2: Cables are run in electrical conduits and enter aGate from inside or through the wall.



In this case, a conduit hub will be needed to ensure the IP grade of the aGate.

3. Plan protection aGate's input connections

The aGate serves as the entrance to the FranklinWH System. Lightning protection should be installed where required by local code or the AHJ, and it must be installed outside of the aGate. Over-current protection is recommended for all installations. A circuit breaker of 100 A to 200 A may be installed at the grid input connection and the generator input connection. Please refer to Install breakers as needed in this Guide for the recommended models of circuit breakers.

4. Plan the types, sizes and routes of cable and electrical conduits

a) Please refer to Appendix 2 for recommended cable types and wire diameters.

b) As cables run through the electrical conduits:

- The current-carrying capacity of the cables needs to be reduced. Please refer to the applicable information in Appendix B of NFPA 70.
- The relationship between wire diameters, cable numbers, and inner diameters of conduits should be taken into consideration. Please refer to Appendix C of NFPA 70 for the list of maximum numbers of cables of the same size in the electrical conduits and pipelines.

c) The type of electrical conduits depends on the installation type, indoor or outdoor:

- IMC, EMT and other thin-wall metal conduits are recommended for indoor installations. These two types of conduits are cost effective, provide excellent anti-electromagnetic interference, and are easy to shape and to joint.
- In outdoor installations, GRC and RMC thick-wall conduits are recommended because they can provide effective mechanical protection and good tightness at the conduit joints. Thick-wall conduits have a reduced flexibility disadvantage which makes bending and jointing very difficult.

5. Fire Code Compliance

The installation must comply with all applicable local codes, relevant regulations, and the requirements of local fire authorities.

6. FCC Requirements

See preface for the applicable FCC Requirements. The installer should inform customers of the contents in Appendix 2.

Tools Needed

- Personal Protection Equipment (PPE) (goggles, gloves, protective shoes, anti-dust respirator, etc.) for personal safety.
- Drill
  - ✓ Use 5/32″ Brad Point bits or 5/32″ Auger bits to drill pilot holes in wooden walls.
  - ✓ Use 1/2″, 3/4″, 1″, 1-1/2″, 2″ sized wood bits to create holes in wooden walls.
  - ✓ Use 1/2″, 3/4″, 1″, 1-1/2″, 2″ sized hole saw bits to create holes in metal walls.
- Hammer drill
  - ✓ Use 1/2″, 3/8″ Masonry bits to create pilot holes on concrete or brick walls.
  - ✓ Use 1/2″, 3/4″, 1″, 1-1/2″, 2″ Diamond core bits to create holes in concrete or brick walls.
- Electric screwdriver and cross screw bits to tighten the fastening screws.
- Torque wrench and bent-handle ratchet wrench.
  - ✓ 11/32″, 5/16″, 7/16″, and 3/8″ hex sockets, to tighten and check the torque of outer hex bolts.
  - ✓ 3/16″ and 7/32″ inner hex screwdriver bits to fasten cables at circuit breakers and pressure connectors and to check the torque.
  - ✓ 3/16″, 1/4″ straight screwdriver bits to fasten cables at circuit breakers and connectors and to check the torque.
  - ✓ PH2, PH3 cross screwdriver bits to fasten cables at circuit breakers and to check the torque.
  - ✓ 6″ ratchet extension.
  - ✓ 1/4″ open end interchangeable torque wrench to fasten relays and to check the torque.
- Flat head screwdriver (1/8″ x 4″, 1/4″ x 4″) to fasten signal terminals.
- Phillips head screwdrivers (PH#2 x 4″, PH #3 x 4″) to tighten fasteners.
- Claw hammer to break knockout holes.
- Utility knife to cut open cartons.
- Needle nose, vise grip, wire stripper, wire cutter, utility wire shear, and other cable preparation tools.
- Wire crimper, network cable testers, wire tracker, and other network cable preparation tools.
- 14 mm open-end wrench or 9/16″ open-end wrench to operate aPower leveling screws and to adjust the height of aPower.
- Induction electro probe to detect the cables in walls to avoid short circuits when drilling.
- Multimeter to measure voltage, current and other electric parameters.
- Loop resistance tester to measure the wiring resistance and to detect poor connection of cables.
- Task light to illuminate the area when power supply is off.

- Spirit level to check whether the equipment is leveled.
- Steel measuring tape.
- Markers for drilling marks.
- Camera to record the installation process.
- Deep cut band saw to cut thin-wall steel conduit or PVC pipes.
- Lift equipment to transport and lift aPower.
- Conduit bender to bend thin-wall steel conduits, with the head size depending on the types and sizes of conduits, with Φ1/2″, 3/4″, 1″, 1-1/2″, 2″ benders.
- Knockout tool kit to drill holes for conduits on the distribution box case.
- Wooden block, size: 1.75 in. × 26.77 in. × 2.36 in. (44.4 mm × 680 mm × 60 mm).
- Adjustable wrench, size: 0-1.97 in. (0-50 mm).
- 6″, 10″, 18″ pipe wrenches.

Torque Requirements

Screw Type	Cross head screwdriver	Tightening torque
M4	PH2	1.03 lbf·ft (1.4 Nm)
M5	PH2	2.21 lbf·ft (3.0 Nm)
M6	PH3	4.42 lbf·ft (6.0 Nm)

Items Provided by Installers

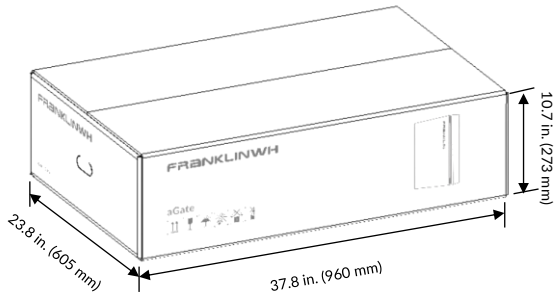


1	Electrical conduit, conduit hub, pull box and fittings
2	Screws and M6 big spacers for wall installation
3	aPower combiner box (for parallel operation of multiple aPower units)
4	5/8 in. Type X plasterboard
5	Copper or aluminum cables
6	Circuit breakers. For details, refer to the circuit breaker and optional parts section for circuit breaker models
7	Reducing washer conduit fittings
8	Network cable and registered jacks
9	Antioxidant conductive paste
10	Sealant (for use on outdoor conduits)

Unboxing

Unbox the aGate

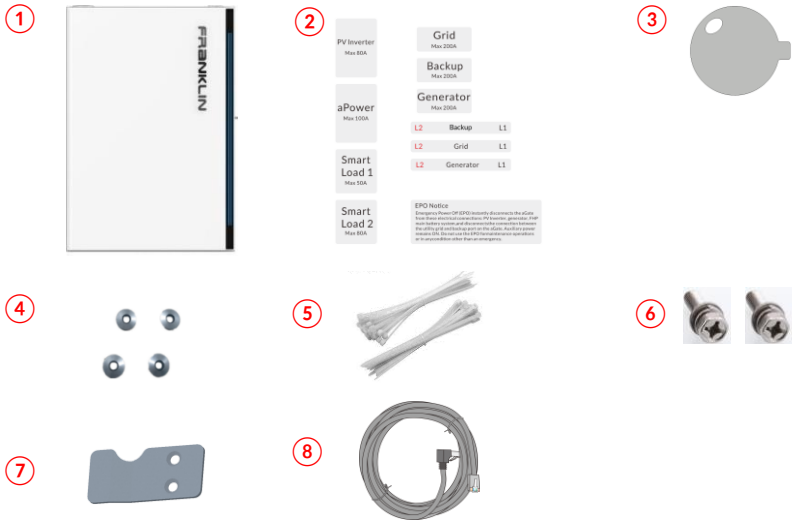
1) Inspect the package for damage, scratches or dents.



2) Adjust the utility knife blade to less than 0.3 in. (7.62 mm) as it may damage the aGate if too long. Cut the adhesive tape on the upper surface of the aGate carton.

3) Open the aGate carton, take out the template guide board and accessories, and then take the aGate out of the box.

4) Check if you have the following:

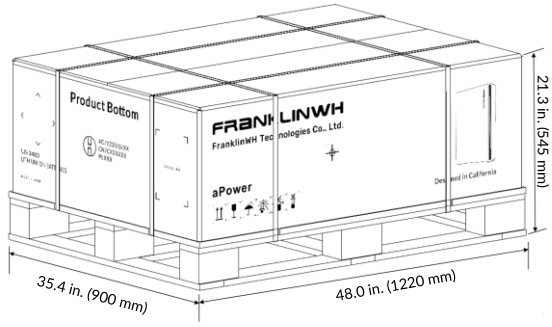


1	2	3	4
aGate	Switch tag	Grid relay reset handle toggle	1/4” water-tight washer
5	6	7	8
Cable ties	Main switch mounting screw M4 × 10	aPower breaker fastener	5m communication cable

5) Remove the packing foam from both sides of the aGate and remove the PE bag.

Unbox the aPower

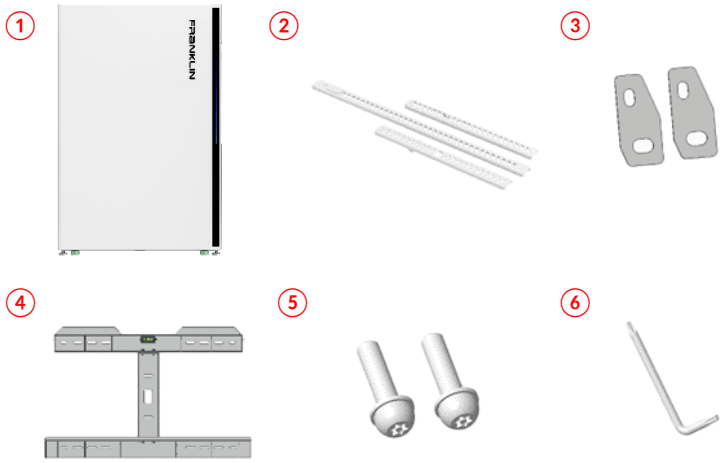
1) Inspect the package for damage such as dents or scratches.



2) Cut the sealing tape and lift the cardboard cover.

3) Remove the protective carton and top foam.

4) Check if you have the following:



1	2	3
aPower	Grille	Retainer plate
4	5	6
Mounting bracket	M5 x 20 screw	Wrench

5) Stand the aPower upright (logo faces up). Several installers should work together to prevent the equipment from falling.

6) Using a lift, move the aPower to the installation site.

NOTE: Wrap the aPower in a protective blanket and keep the aPower well fastened to the dolly during transportation and handling to avoid scratches or damage.

Installation

WARNING: Care must be taken to protect personal safety. Reinforced toe shoes must be used to protect the installers in case equipment tilts or falls.



aGate Installation

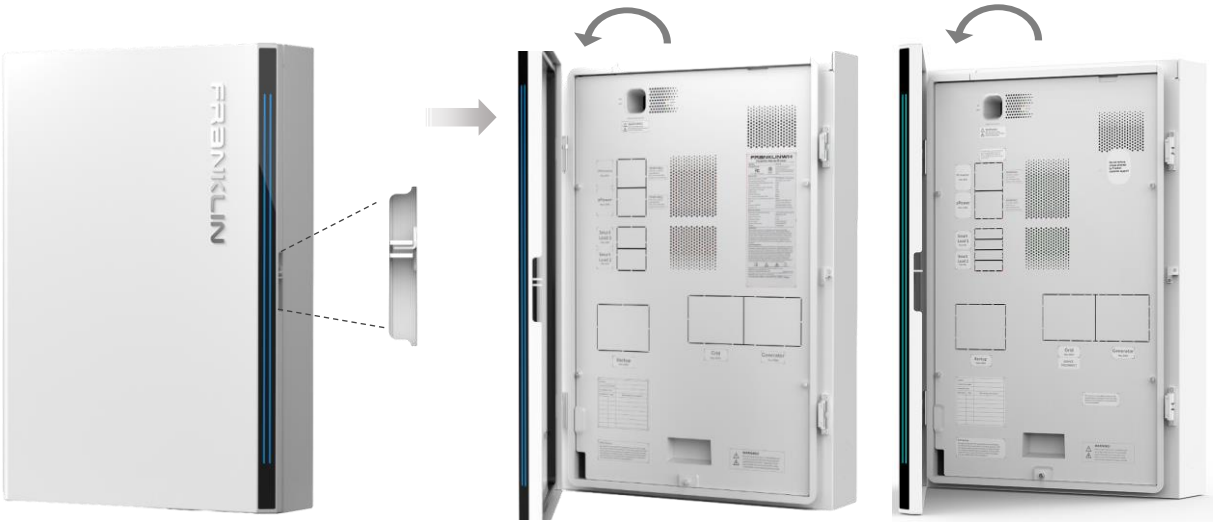
NOTE

- The drill template guide board will be used for drilling mounting holes. Keep it in good condition prior to use.
- The film wrapped around the aGate will be used to protect the internal components of the aGate when drilling mounting holes. Do not damage or dispose of the film until the drilling is complete.
- During the installation process, keep the aGate well protected from hard objects that may scratch the aGate surface and body.

Remove the aGate door and inner panel

1) **Remove the door**

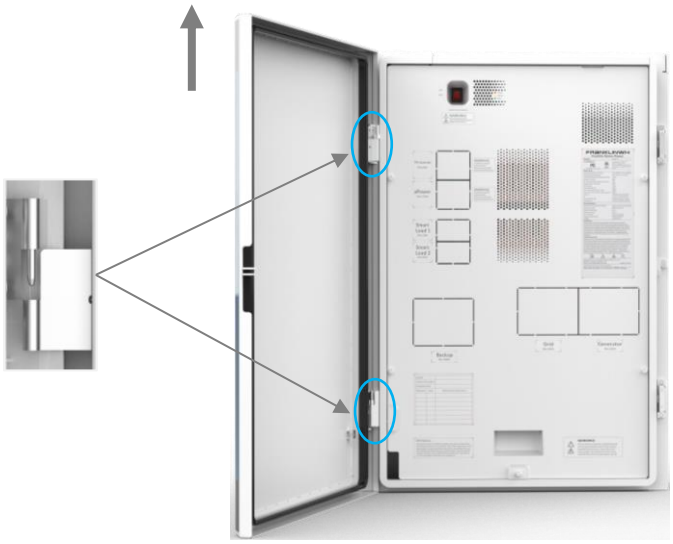
   a) Grasp the small notch on the right side of the aGate. Lift it slowly until the door of aGate is completely open.



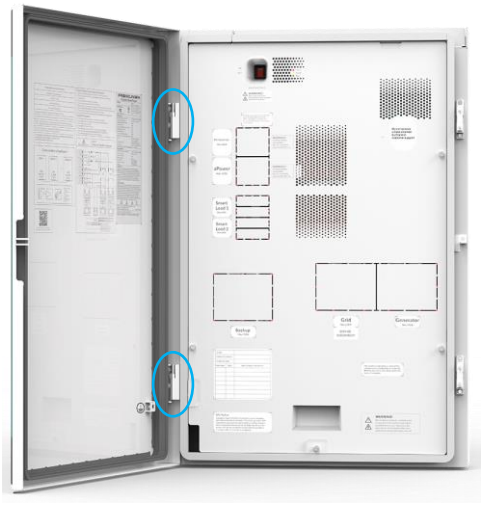
aGate 1.3 (AGT-R1V2-US) aGate 1.3.1 (AGT-R1V3-US)

NOTE: The door may only be opened to a maximum of 100°, beyond which the door may be damaged.

b) Gently lift the door panel upward, remove the aGate door after the hinges are separated, and properly store it.



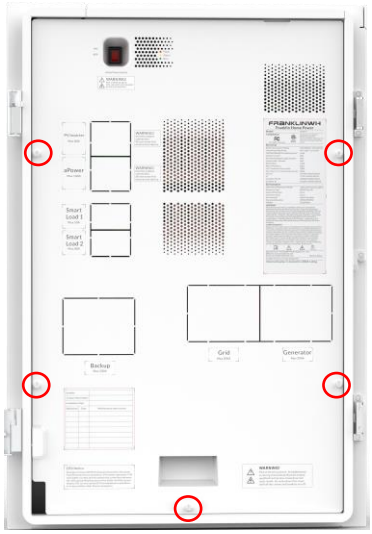
aGate 1.3 (AGT-R1V2-US)



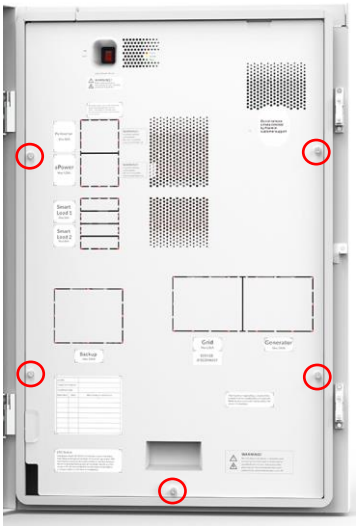
aGate 1.3.1 (AGT-R1V3-US)

2) **Remove the inner panel**

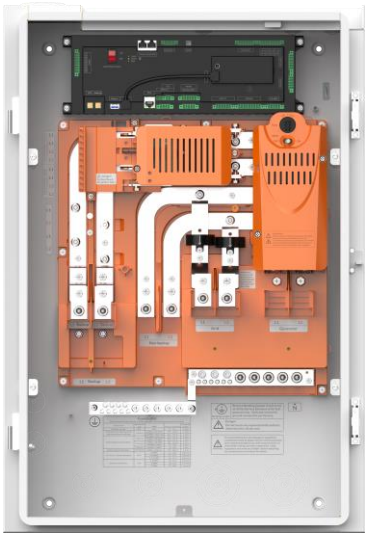
Using a Phillips head screwdriver to loosen the 5 captive screws, counterclockwise. Remove the screws, and the aGate inner panel. Properly store the inner panel and screws for later use.



aGate 1.3 (AGT-R1V2-US)



aGate 1.3.1 (AGT-R1V3-US)

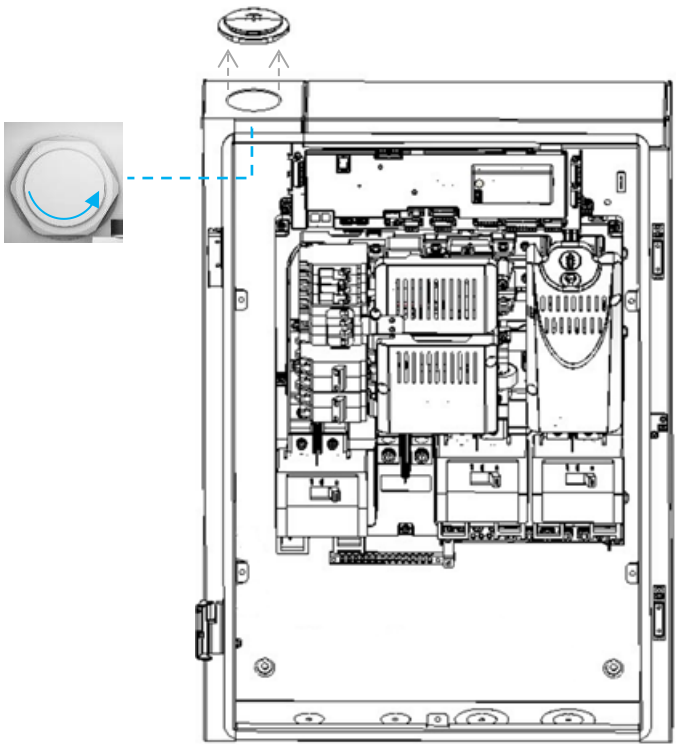


Prepare aGate cable inlets

Based on the preplanned installation position and electrical conduit arrangement, remove the appropriate aGate plug or knockouts.

1) Remove the plug

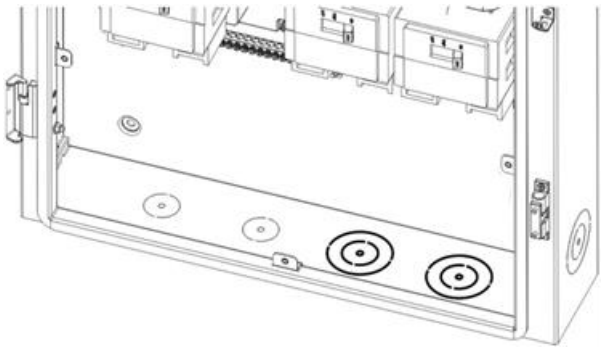
The plugged hole on the top of the aGate enclosure is 2-15/32″ (62.71 mm) in diameter. If the top cable entry is used, turn the plug nut counterclockwise by hand, until the nut is removed, then remove the plug.



NOTE: It is recommended to install cables through the bottom of the aGate. If a top inlet cable is installed, waterproofing measures must be taken.

2) Remove the knockouts

All cable knockouts in the aGate enclosure are 1-23/ 64″ (34.53 mm) in diameter with the two on the bottom right, and the one on the right side can be expanded to 2-15/32″ (62.71 mm).



Drill out the necessary cable access holes from the aGate.

Enlarging or Drilling New Holes (if necessary)

If the conduit diameter is larger than the aGate knockout hole, or if any new hole needs to be drilled, appropriate tools should be used to expand the hole or to drill new holes.

NOTE: To avoid damage to equipment, shield all aGate interior electrical boards and components before you drill or punch holes, to avoid debris falling into the aGate.

The aGate is shipped in a protective film. When enlarging or drilling new holes on the aGate, unwrap the outer film and use it to protect the components inside the aGate. Keep the film in place while drilling and punching holes. Remove all dust and debris before unwrapping the aGate for mounting.

White film wrapped on delivery



Site protection diagram



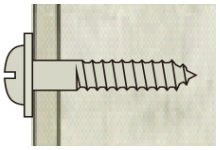
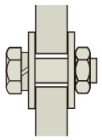
Mount the aGate on a wall

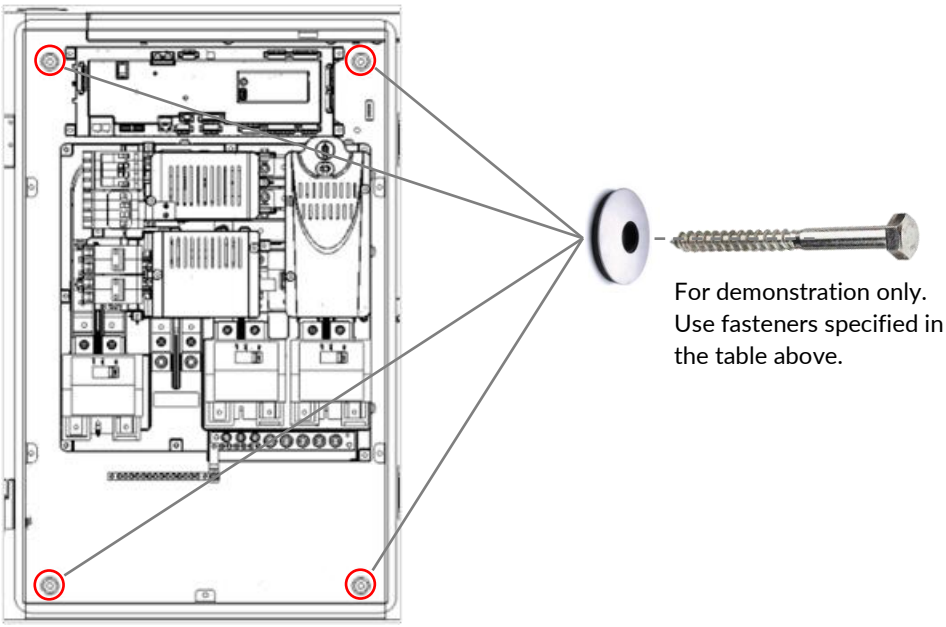
Follow the procedures below to install the aGate on a wall.

1) Place the aGate guide board template at the planned installation position. Adjust the guide board to level and then make marks at the four holes on the guide board.
2) Using an appropriate drill bit, drill holes in the wall. Then mount the aGate enclosure vertically on the wall. The provided water-tight washers must be used when mounting the aGate.

CAUTION: Avoid drilling holes in water pipes and cables in the wall.

See drilling details and the fasteners in the table below for more details on the hole depth and type of fasteners to use corresponding to different type of wall.

Concrete or brick	**Hole depth**: Minimum 1-1/2″ (38 mm) **Fastener**: 1/4″ (6.35 mm) water-tight washer, spring washer, and nuts	
Wooden beams	**Hole depth**: Minimum 2.5" (64 mm) **Fastener**: 1/4″ (6.35 mm) water-tight washer, wood screw with a large flat washer	
Steel beams	**Hole depth:** Through the steel beam **Fastener**: 1/4″ (6.35 mm) water-tight washer, 1/4" (6.35 mm) stainless steel hex screws with spring washer and large flat washer and hex nuts	



For demonstration only. Use fasteners specified in the table above.

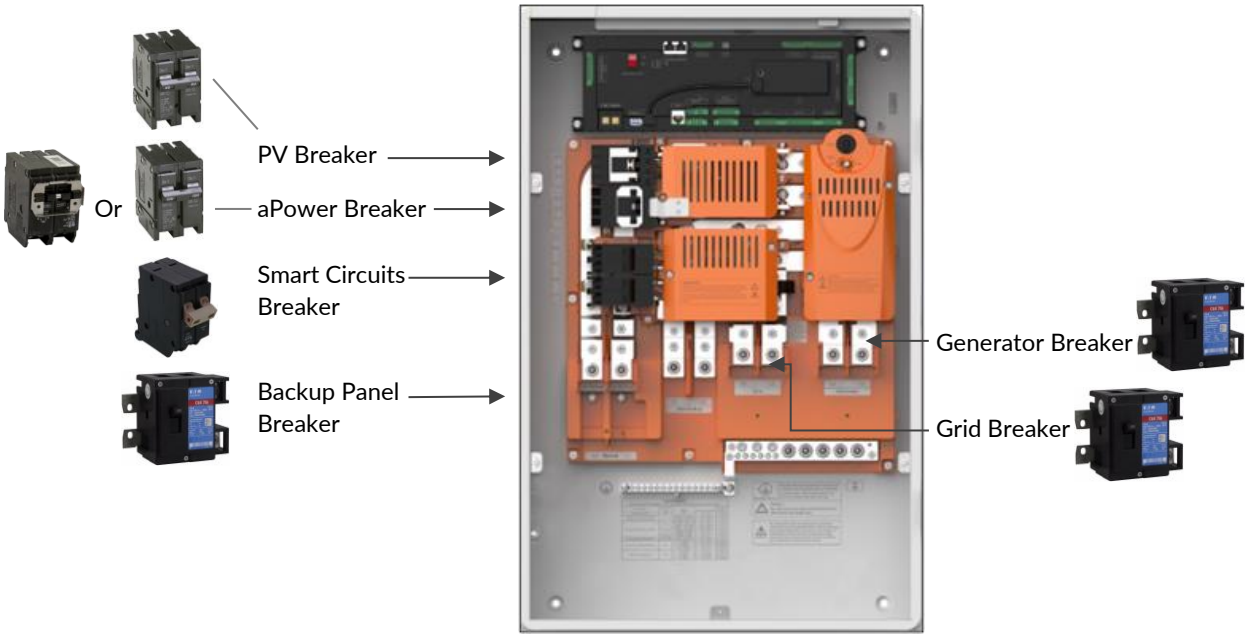
Install optional module(s)

FranklinWH provides optional the Smart Circuits Module, Generator Module, Main Load Relay, and Backup Expansion Lug Kit. For these modules' installations, refer to ***FranklinWH Smart Circuits Module Installation Guide***, ***FranklinWH Generator Module Installation Guide***, ***FranklinWH Main Load Relay Installation Guide*** and ***FranklinWH Backup Expansion Lug Kit Installation Guide***.

Install breakers as needed

Install any needed breakers for PV, aPower, Smart Circuits, the backup panel, grid, and generator, according to local laws, regulations, standards, and National Electric Codes (NEC), ANSI/NFPA 70 or Canadian Standards Association CSA C22.1. These breakers are not included and must be ordered separately. Refer to Appendix 1 for compatible breakers.

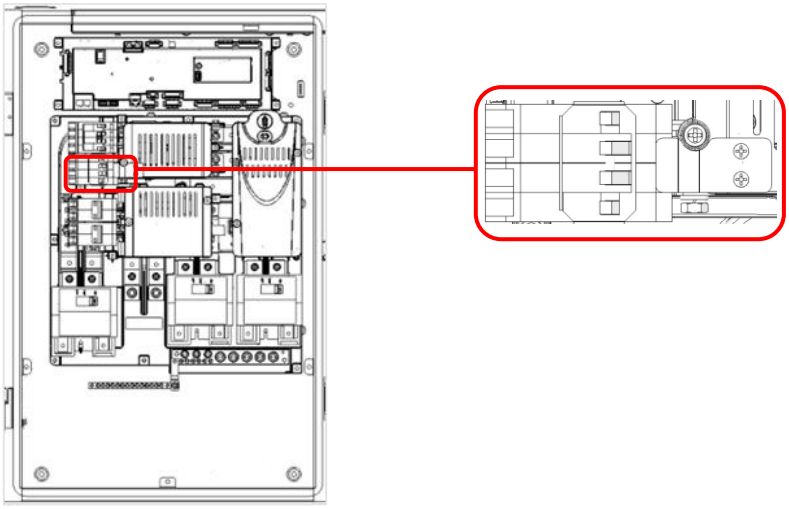
Breaker installation positions are noted in the image below:



1) Before installation, make sure that the aGate is de-energized and the upstream and downstream switches are disconnected and padlocked during installation.
2) Install the PV breaker, an aPower breaker, and Smart Circuits breakers at the locations indicated in the Figure 1.

3) Fasten the aPower breaker according to the following steps as per NEC requirements.

Install the breaker hold-down kit as shown in the diagram. Tighten the two M4x8 screws to the recommended torque using a Phillips screwdriver.



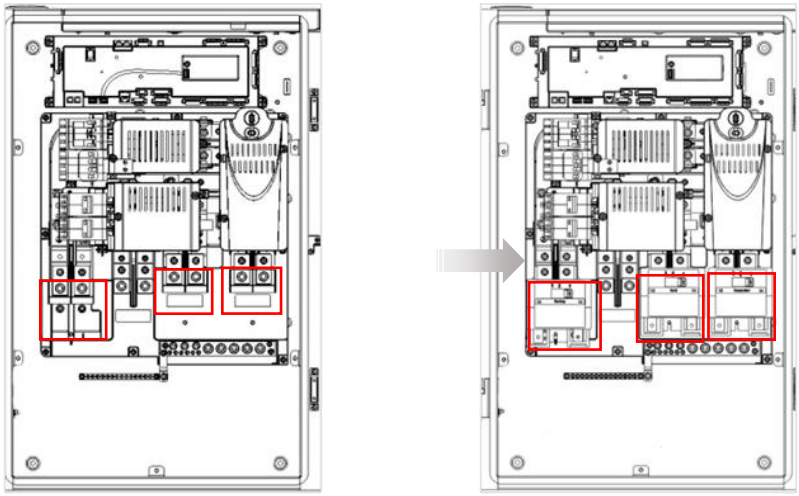
4) Before installing a backup panel breaker, a grid breaker or a generator breaker, remove the connected lugs. Follow the instructions below to remove the lugs and install the breakers:

a) Using a Phillips head screwdriver, remove the two M6 x 16 combination bolts holding the lugs and save it for later use. Remove the lugs.

b) Use the two M6 x 16 combination bolts to fix the breaker. Then use the M4 x 10 screw to secure the breaker. Using a Phillips head torque screwdriver, tighten the M4 screw to 1.03 lbf·ft (1.4 Nm).

c) Attach the provided **L2 Backup L1**, **L2 Grid L1**, and **L2 Generator L1** labels below the backup panel breaker, the grid breaker, and generator breaker.

Removing the terminal lugs to install a backup panel breaker, a grid breaker, or a generator breaker.



NOTE: The aGate's utility grid circuit breaker is only required where the aGate is used as service entrance equipment or there are no other circuit breakers protecting the conductors feeding the aGate's utility grid connection.

The generator breaker may be installed outside the aGate depending on site conditions.

aPower Installation

The aPower may be mounted either on the wall or on the floor; floor installation is recommended.

If wall-mounted, the wall should be able to provide sufficient bearing capacity.

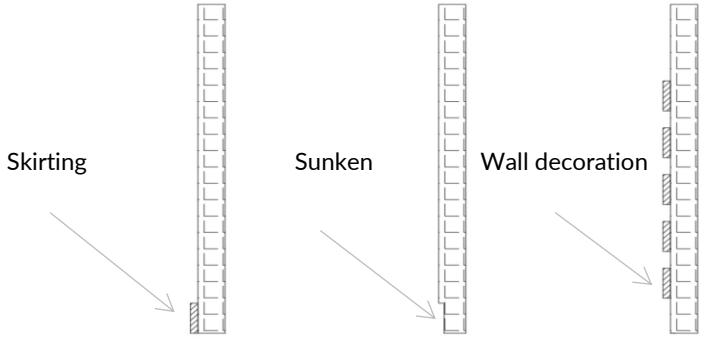
The installation site should be properly leveled and hardened if the aPower is floor mounted. If there is grass nearby, a layer of cement or slab stone must be placed on the projection area around the equipment to prevent grass growth and protect the equipment.

Wall-Mounted Installation

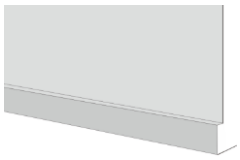
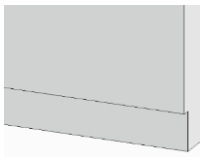
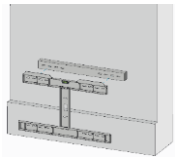
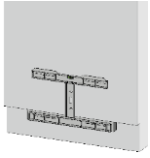
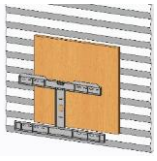
Install the mounting bracket

1) Before installing, examine the smoothness of wall.

   If the wall is not smooth and straight to the floor, Type X plasterboards will be needed to fill the gaps to ensure all parts of the mounting bracket are well supported by the wall.



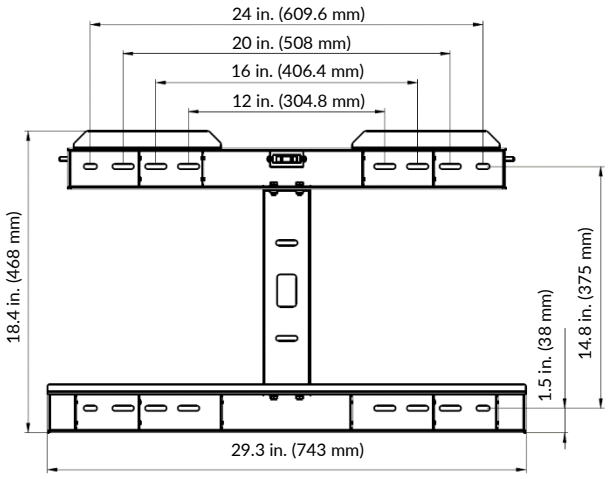
Special Wall/Baseboard Installation

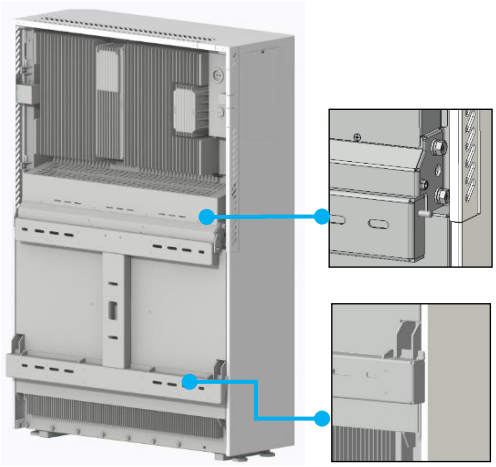
Case 1: Protruding Baseboard Height > 6 in. or the thickness of the bulge > 1 in. (Floor mount)	**Case 2:** Concave Baseboard Height > 6 in. (Floor mount)	**Case 3:** Uneven Wall
		
Solution Use wooden or steel spacers on the upper part of the bracket (to keep it flush with the baseboard).	**Solution** Use wooden or steel spacers on the indented part of the baseboard (to make it flush with the wall).	**Solution** Use plywood or gypsum board to level the wall. The recommended thickness is 0.5 in.
		

NOTE: The wooden or steel materials are prepared by the installer.

2) Determine bracket attachment points

The mounting bracket should be fastened to the wall at a minimum of 4 points, one on each arm. When the bracket is attached in the outdoor, windy area, at least 12 1/4" screws (3 at each corner) should be used to install the bracket.

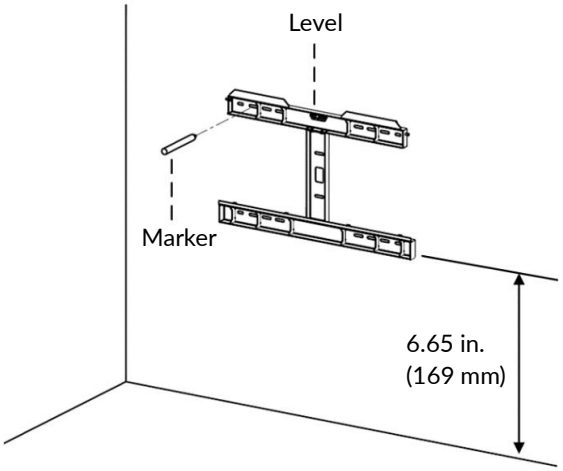




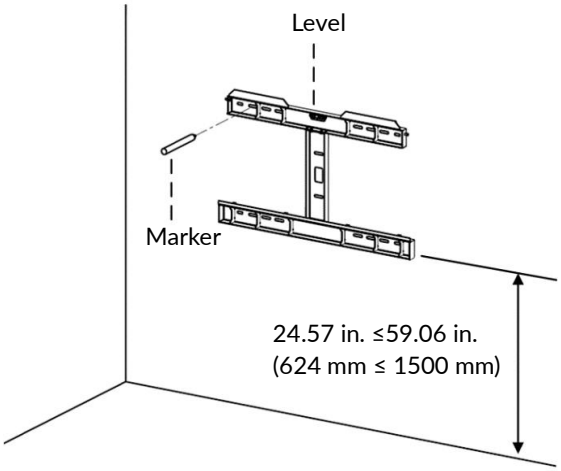
Determine bracket attachment points following the methods described below.

a) Method 1: Use the bracket to mark the points.

Wall mount with floor support

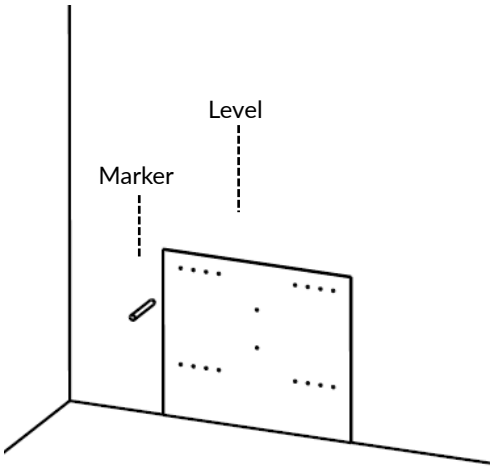


Wall mount above the floor

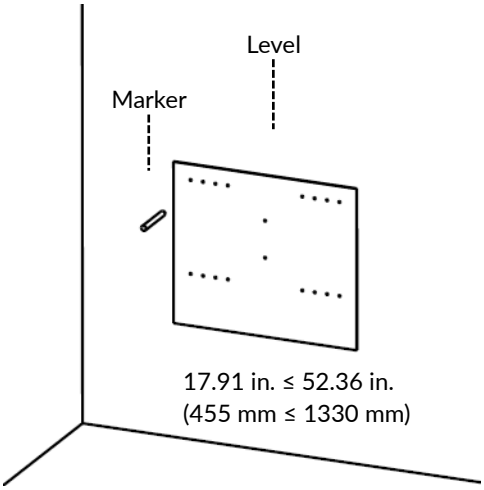


b) Method 2: Use the cardboard positioning template to mark the points.

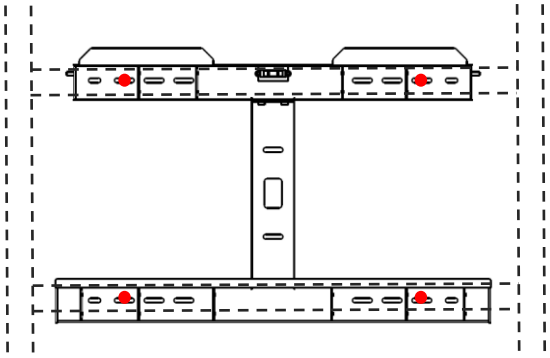
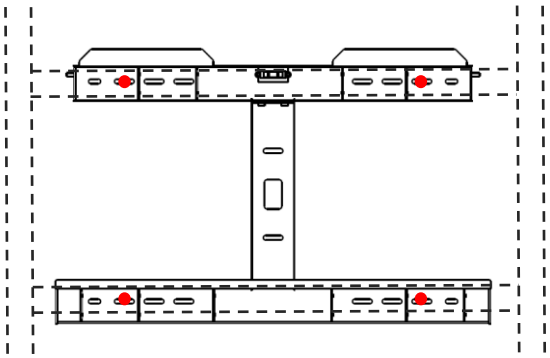
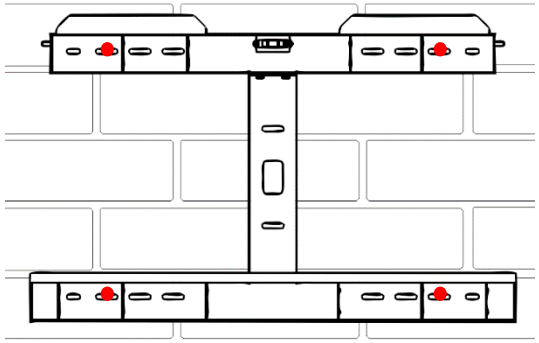
Wall mount with floor support



Wall mount above the floor



3) Install the bracket on a wall

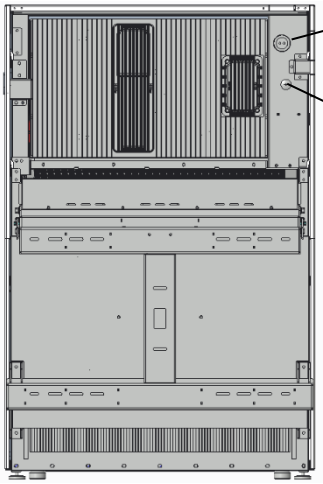
Wooden beams At least 4 1/4" stainless steel wood screws with large flat washers (1 at each corner), at least 2.5" (64 mm) of each screw inserted into the wooden beam.	
Steel beams Use at least 4 1/4" stainless steel hex screws (1 at each corner) with spring washers, large flat washers and nuts to secure the bracket to the steel beam.	
Concrete or brick walls Use at least 4 1/4" stainless steel expansion screws (1 at each corner) with spring washers and large flat washers and at least 1.5" (38 mm) length embedded in the wall. Place screws at least 1.5" (38 mm) away from brick edge.	

Drill conduit entry holes on the wall (if needed)

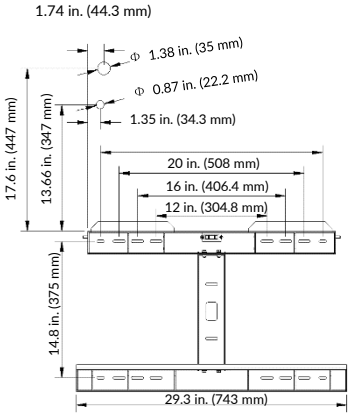
If needed, drill conduit entry holes on the wall. If there are any metal or wooden supporting structures in the drilling area, adjust the position to avoid them.

CAUTION: Avoid drilling holes in water pipes and cables in the wall.

NOTE: Cover the aPower top heat dissipation hole to protect from gravel dust during drilling.

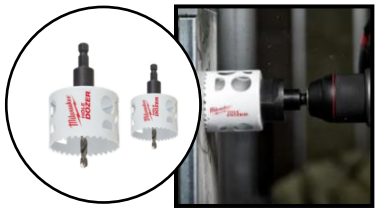


Rear View



Front View: Positions of mounting bracket and conduits on the equipment

	**Wooden wall** Electric drill and 1″, 1-1/2″ wood bits are recommended to create holes for running cable through wooden walls. It is important that the drill bit be kept perpendicular to the wall when drilling.
	**Concrete or brick wall** Hammer drill and 1″, 1-1/2″ diamond tipped core bits are recommended to create holes for running cables through concrete or brick walls. Wet the wall and HEPA vacuum the dust, to protect the drill bits from overheating. It is important that the drill bit should be kept perpendicular to the wall when drilling.

	**Metal wall or metallic studs** Electric drill and 1″, 1-1/2″ hole saw are recommended to create holes for running cables through metal plate and metallic studs. It is important that the drill bit should be kept perpendicular to the installation surface when drilling.

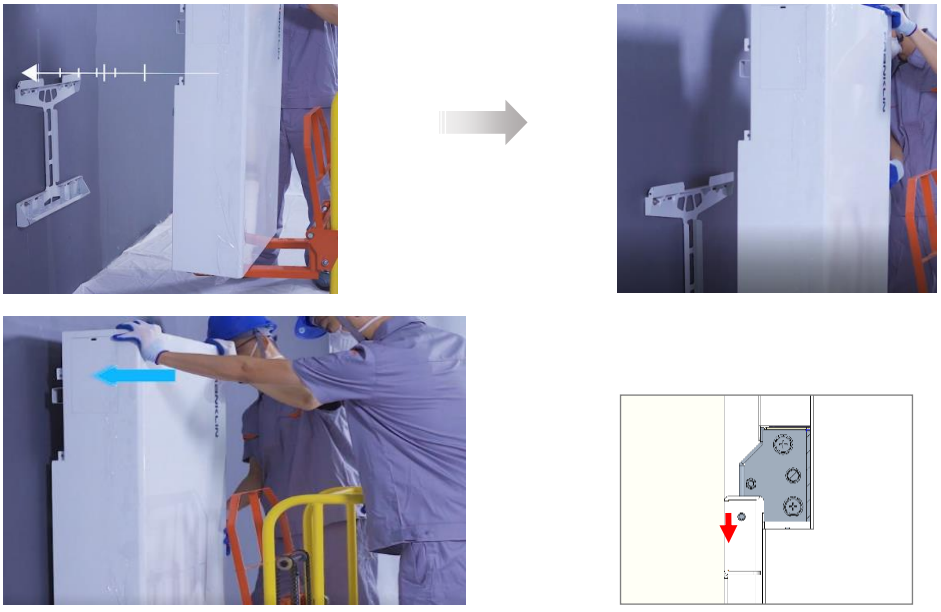
Mount the aPower on the bracket

NOTE: Use proper protective measures on the lift, such as foam or protective cloth, and take effective protection measures to avoid scratching or damaging the aPower during the installation process.

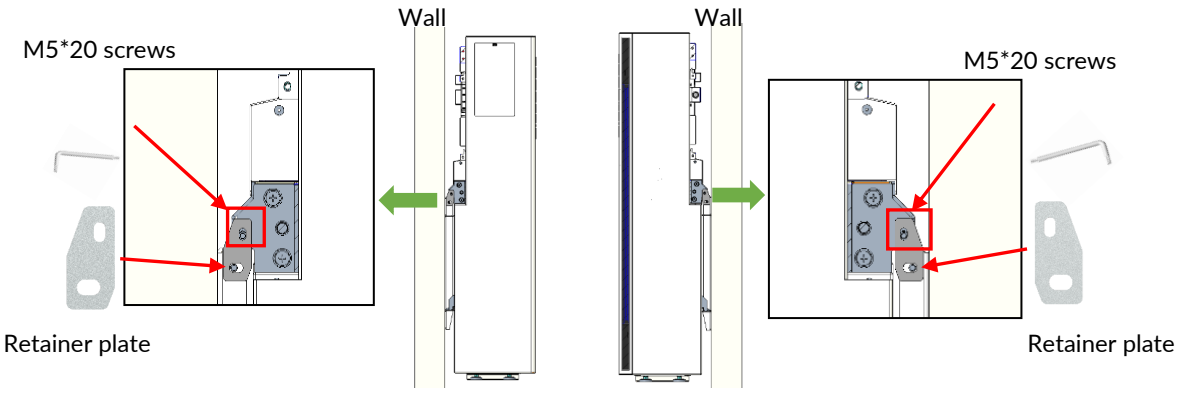
NOTE: For easy installation, before wall-mounting the aPower, refer to Electrical Conduits to remove the aPower wiring compartment cover, 3 external charging cables and cable conduit hole-plug 1/2, then pre-install the pull box (Protect the wiring compartment well to prevent damage to the interface board).

1) A lift is needed to raise the aPower. Raise the aPower so that top mounting cleats on the back of aPower are higher than the top of the mounting bracket.

   Adjust the lift until the mounting bracket is completely aligned with the clips on the back of aPower and within the locking position of the joint, and the top and bottom mounting cleats are firmly locked by the mounting bracket. During this process, the installer needs to push on the front of the aPower to ensure that the back locks securely into the mounting bracket.

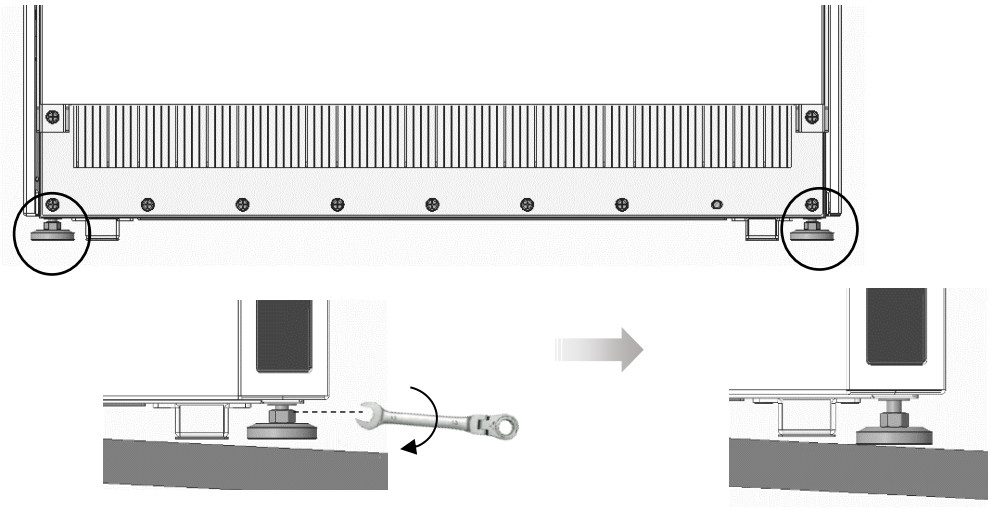


2) After the aPower is firmly set on the mounting bracket, attach and fasten the two retainer plates to both sides of the upper bracket using M5*20 screws. Tighten to a torque of 3 Nm.



Level the floor mounted aPower

If the aPower is to be installed on an uneven floor, the leveling screws on the bottom of aPower cabinet can be adjusted until the screw directly contacts the floor.



Using a No. 13 open-end wrench, turn the nut clockwise to loosen it.

Turn the bolt head clockwise until the screw head hits the ground.

Free-Standing Floor-Mounted Installation using an Optional Floor Mounting Plate

If wall mounting is not feasible, the optional floor mounting plate (APR-05K13V1-US) may be used to install the aPower on a concrete pad or other reinforced surface. For installation instructions, refer to ***Floor Mounting Plate Installation Guide***.

Install a Combiner Box (if needed)

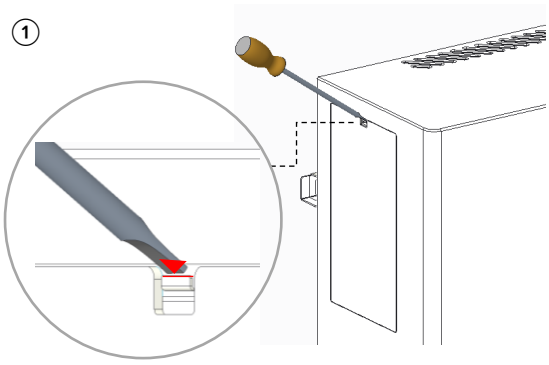
The installation of more than two aPower units requires a combiner box. Each aPower should be connected to a 2-pole breaker. Select a suitable external combiner box and provide breakers for each aPower unit. For details, refer to Install breakers as needed.

NOTE: Refer to the manufacturer's instructions before installation.

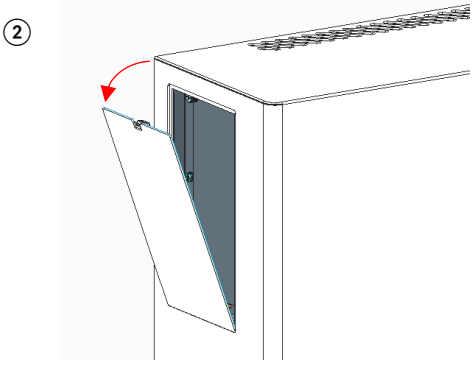
System Wiring

Install Electrical Conduit in the aPower Wiring Compartment

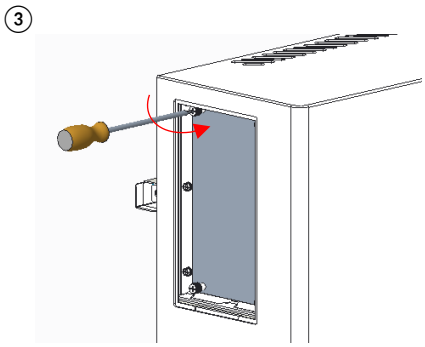
1) Remove the aPower wiring compartment cover.



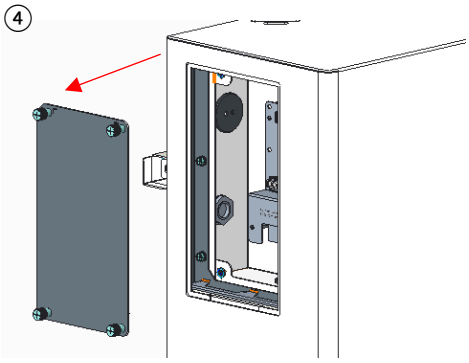
Insert a flat head screwdriver into the snap joint, press and pull out the cover.



Lift the cover upward.

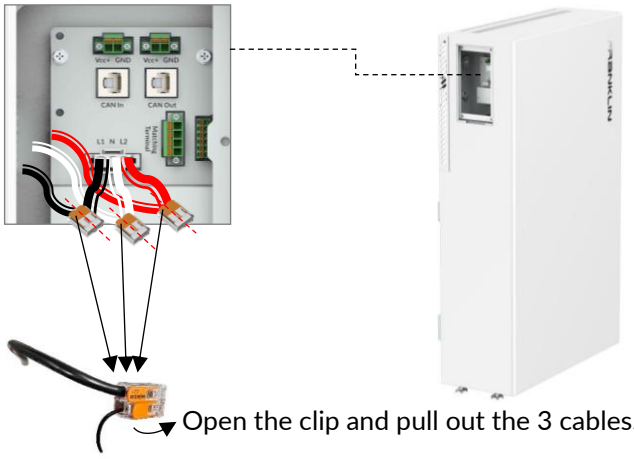


Remove the internal panel screws using a Phillips head screwdriver.



Remove the cover.

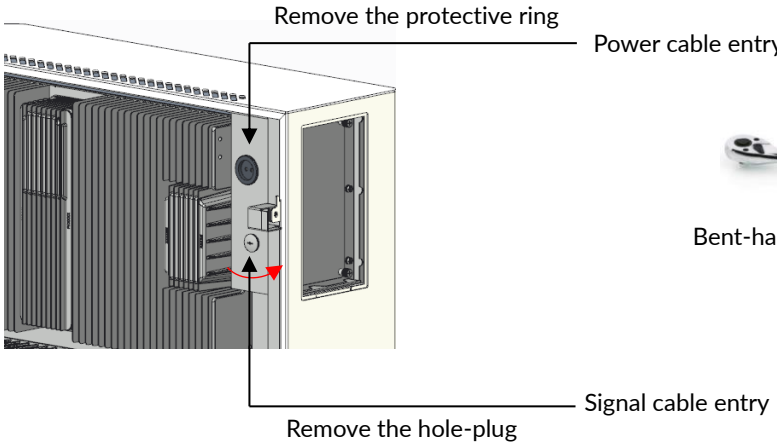
2) Unplug the 3 external charging cables.



Open the clip and pull out the 3 cables.

3) Remove the protective ring and cable conduit hole-plug as needed.

To remove the cable conduit hole-plug, turn the plug counterclockwise using a bent-handle ratchet wrench with a Phillps head until it's loosened, while keeping the interior fastening nut in position. Then rotate it by hand until the plug is removed.

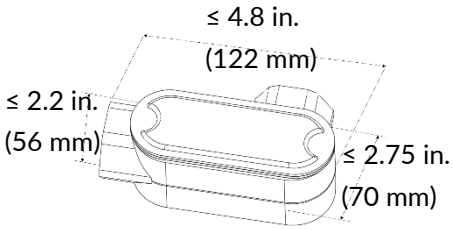



Bent-handle ratchet wrench

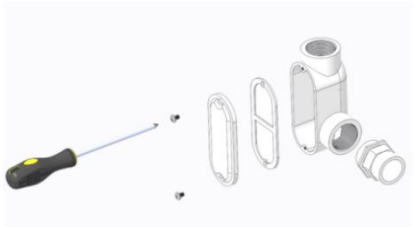

Phillps head

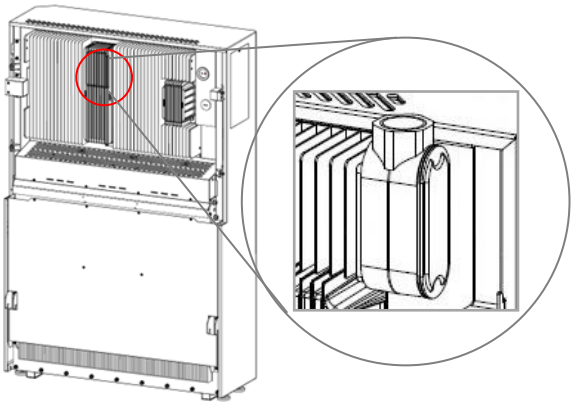
4) As needed, install a pull box behind aPower cable hole.

a) Select an appropriate pull box according to the cable distribution direction (The figure below is for reference only).



b) Use a Phillips head screwdriver to take apart the junction box. Install the pull on the selected cable entry.

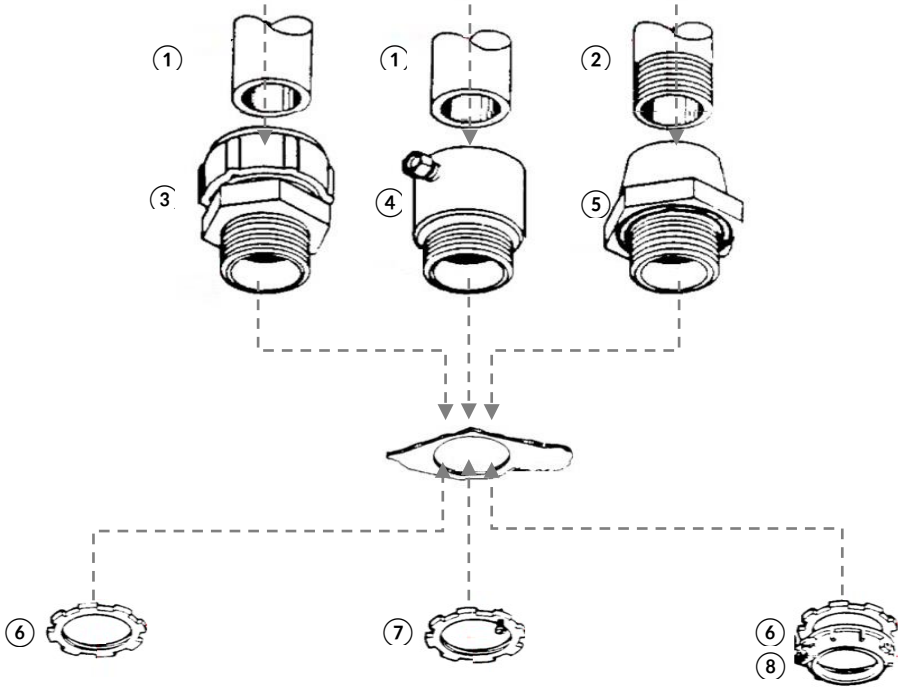




5) Conduit Connection and Installation

Install conduit as needed and attach the conduit fitting to the cable entry of aPower wiring compartment.

The image below shows an example of conduit and fitting for different applications.



For 120/208 V or 120/240 V circuits, as long as there is no unpunched ring around the knockout section.

For under or over 250 V circuits, service equipment and hazardous locations, as long as there is no unpunched ring around the knockout

For under or over 250 V circuits, service equipment and hazardous locations with or without unpunched rings around the knockout.

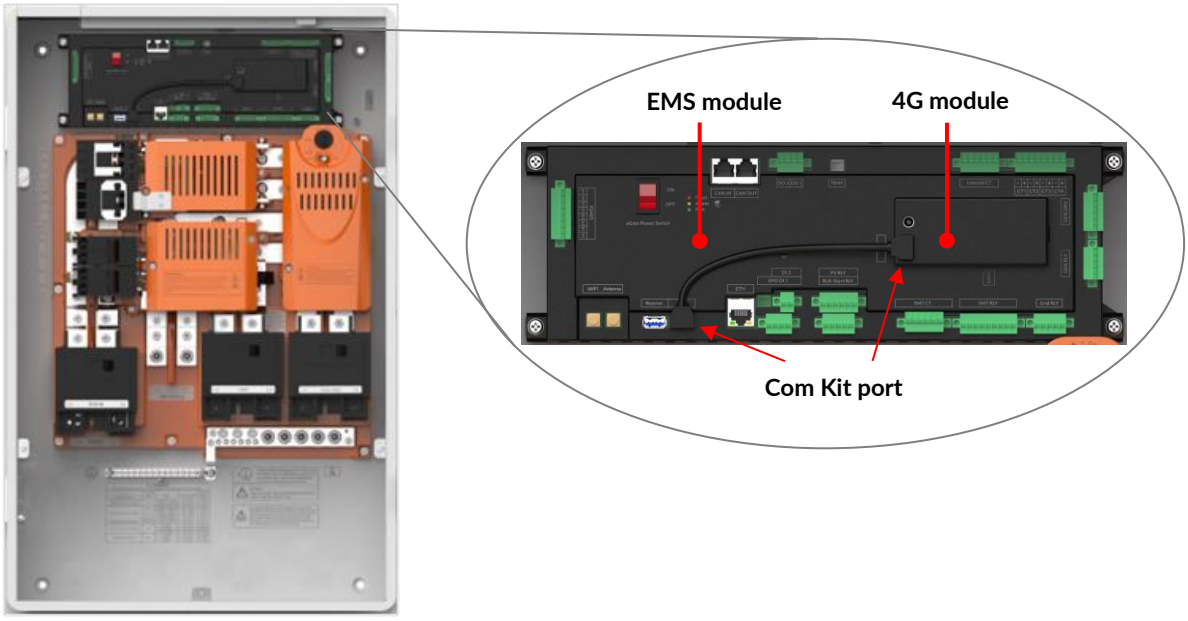
No.	Description
1	Threadless rigid metal conduit or intermediate metal conduit.
2	Threaded rigid metal conduit or intermediate metal conduit
3	Threadless fitting
4	Screw fitting
5	Sealing hub
6	Locknut
7	Bonding knockout
8	Bonding & grounding bushing

NOTE: The conduits and related materials must comply with UL746B requirements as well as all local laws and regulations.

Metallic conduits and fittings are recommended to minimize electromagnetic interference.

Communications Wiring

Before wiring, ensure that the Com Kit (4G) cable is connected between the Com Kit port on the EMS module and the 4G module.



NOTE: Only use the cable supplied with the equipment. The aGate cannot be activated if this step is not completed.

Establish communications between the FranklinWH App and the aGate

1) Connect the mobile device to the aGate hotspot network to establish a local communications connection between the FranklinWH App and the aGate using the following account and password:

   Account: AP_last 9 digits of serial number

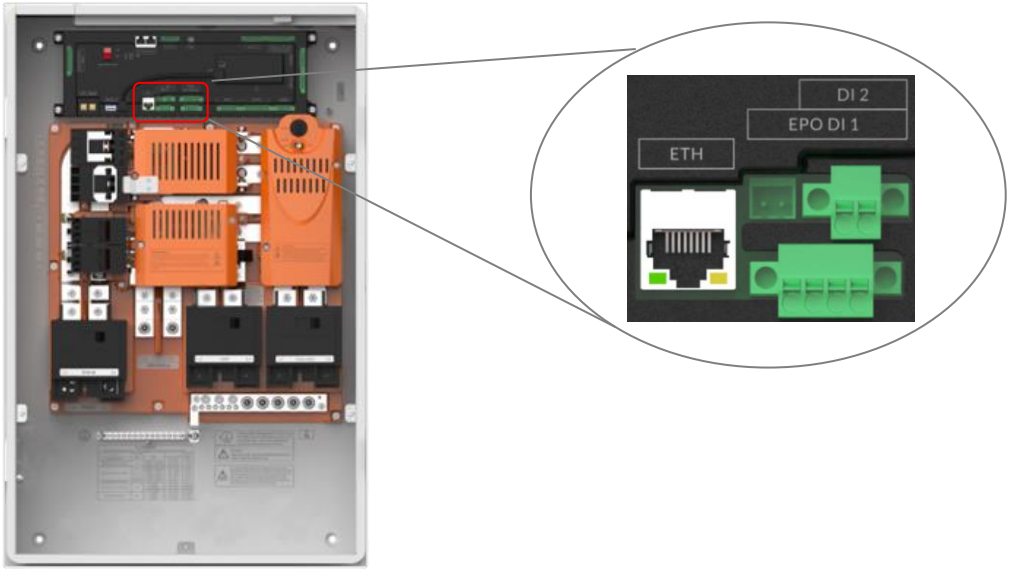
   Password: last 12 digits of serial number

NOTE: The account and password can be modified through the FranklinWH App.

2) Connect the aGate to the home internet network for remote access.

a) Method 1 (Recommended): Connect the aGate to the home internet using a communications cable (Not provided).

To ensure the reliability of remote communications, it is recommended to connect the home network cable with internet connection to the **ETH** port of EMS module.



NOTE: The cable from the home network may only be connected to the **ETH** port.

The communications cable needs to be made on site using a crimping tool, a ready-made network cable should not be used because it may prevent the aGate internal cover from closing. Test with a network cable tester to ensure that the cable contact is error-free.

Communications cable preparation

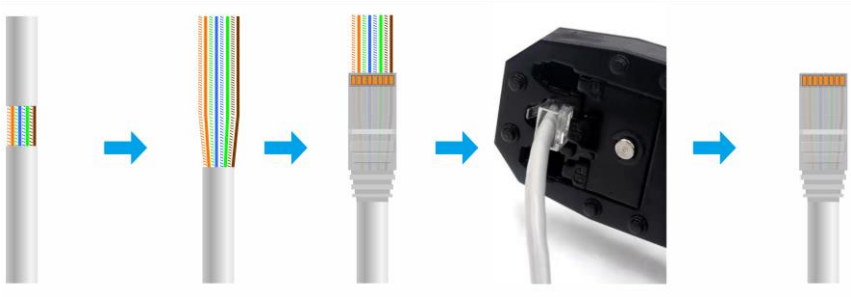
i. Remove the insulation jacket from the cable.

ii. Fan the wires in the order of 568B (See wiring scheme diagram).

iii. Insert the wires into the connector.

iv. Crimp the connector using a crimping tool and then the cable is ready.

v. Test with a network cable tester to ensure that the communications cable contact is error-free. Before testing the cable, ensure that both ends of the cable are disconnected from the FranklinWH system.



Wiring scheme

The communications cable wiring must conform to the 568B standard sequence.

Pin 1: white/orange

Pin 2: solid orange

Pin 3: white/green

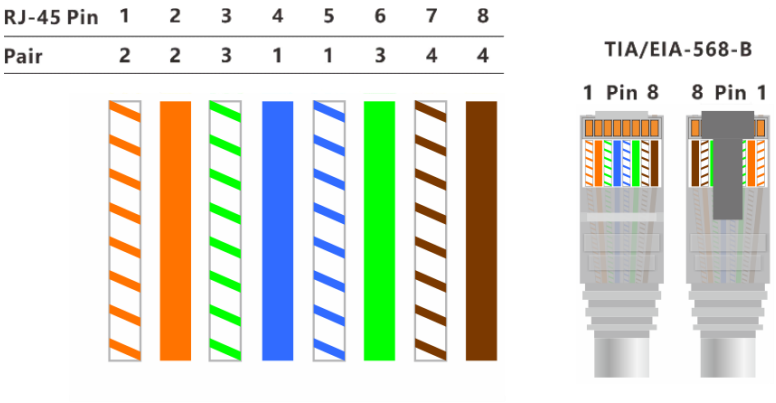
Pin 4: solid blue

Pin 5: white/blue

Pin 6: solid green

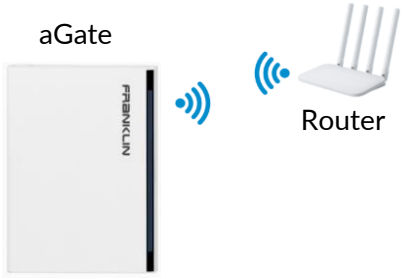
Pin 7: white/brown

Pin 8: solid brown



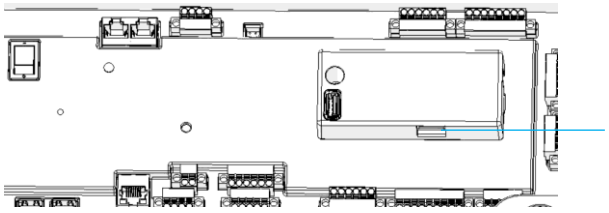
b) Method 2: Connect via Wifi

The Wifi connection between the aGate and home wireless network should be done during commissioning. Please refer to the ***FranklinWH Commissioning Guide***.



c) Method 3: Connect via 4G network (only as backup)

Please make sure that there is a good 4G LTE signal in the local area and that a SIM card has been inserted into the slot on the wireless module.



Establish communications between the aGate and the aPower

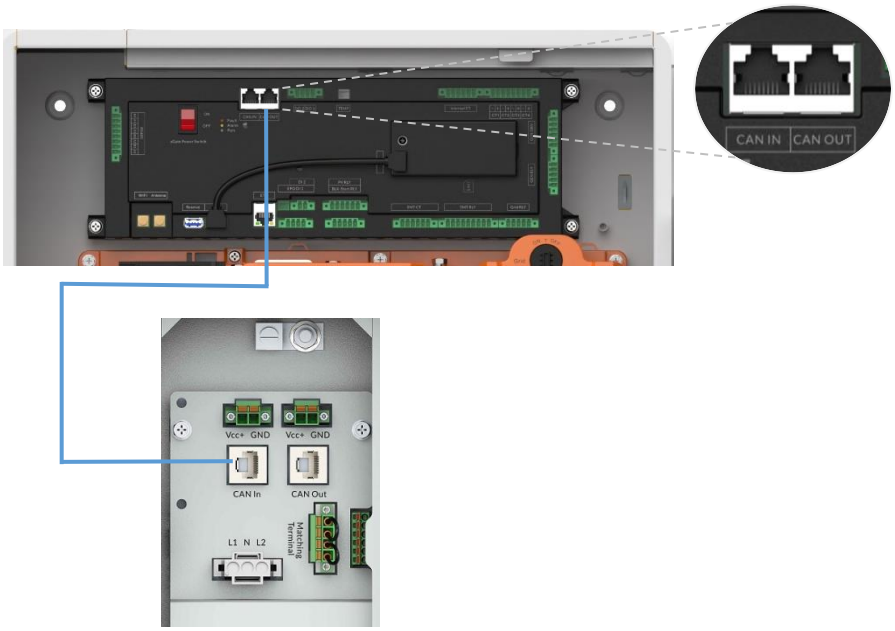
NOTE: It is recommended to install the communications cable in the conduit to avoid accidental damage and equipment failure. If the network cable and the power cable share the same conduit, use a shielded network cable (RJ45 cable end with metal).

Before connecting the communications cable, use a network cable tester to ensure that the cable contact is error-free.

The distance between the aGate and the first/single aPower must be ≤ 164 ft (50 m).

1) Communications connection between the aGate and a single aPower

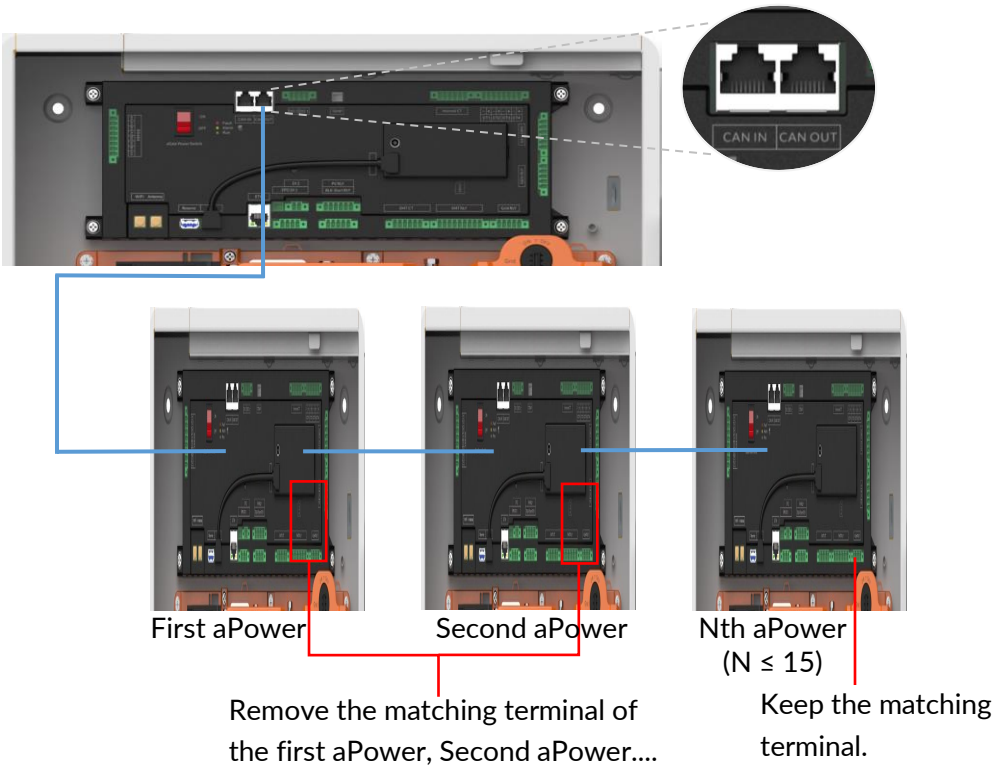
Use a minimum CAT5 cable to connect the aGate **CAN OUT** port to the aPower **CAN In** port in the wiring compartment.



2) Communications connection between the aGate and multiple aPowers

Use a minimum CAT5 network cable to connect the aGate **CAN-OUT** port to the **CAN In** port of the first aPower, and connect the **CAN Out** port of the first aPower to the **CAN In** port of the second aPower, etc.

Remove the matching terminals from all aPower units except for the one in the last aPower.



If the distance between the aGate and the first/single aPower exceeds 164 ft (50 m), please contact engineering@franklinwh.com for guidance.

Electrical Wiring

NOTE: The wiring of breakers should follow the specific breaker instructions. The power sources must be connected to the aGate at the corresponding ports.

The cable conductor size and current capacity rating are listed in the NFPA 70, Article 310.

Conductors, relied upon for the protective grounding and bonding system, will be sized to handle the intended fault currents and, if insulated, the insulation will be green or green with yellow stripes.

Grounding conductors are sized following NFPA 70 Article 250.122 of or C22.1 Rule 10-810.

A field wiring terminal or lead shall be rated for the connection of a conductor or conductors having a minimum carrying capacity rating of 125 % of the rating of the unit.

The distance between the end of the connection point of a field-installed wire and the wall of the enclosure to ward which the wire is to be directed, shall be following NFPA 70 Table 312.6 (A) or (B).

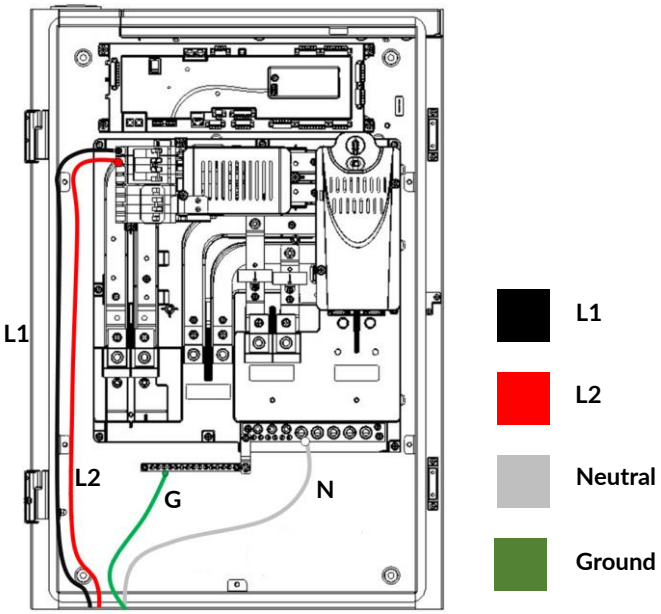
Be sure to apply antioxidants to any aluminum cable stripped surfaces.

Cables selection will consider metal compatibility. Refer to Figure F.1 of Appendix F in the UL9540 standard.

	DANGER: Follow the **Local Precedence** rule. Remote control does not mean that the local circuits are safe. Decide whether your circuit is safe based only with a circuit test.
	DANGER: The power cables should be wired in a sequence of the load side, the backup power supply side, and the non-backup power supply side. If the other end of a cable cannot be wired at the same time, a warning sign **Out of Operation, Do NOT Turn On** should be hung.
	WARNING: Electrical connections require that the wires are connected in the correct order, where L1 and L2 cannot be misconnected. Incorrect wiring may cause equipment damage or even personal injury or death.

Connect the PV inverter to the aGate

When connecting a PV inverter to the aGate, the PV breaker is the only interface to be used. Do not connect the PV inverter to any other port.

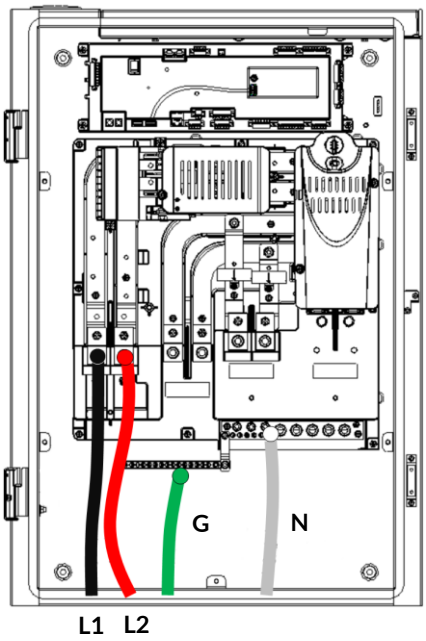


Connect the backup panel to the aGate

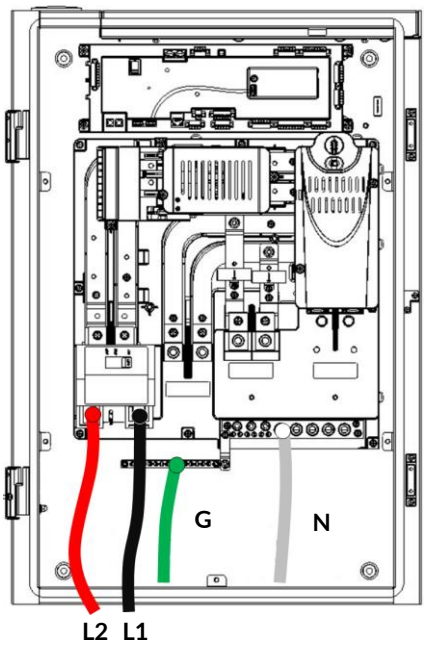
Connect the backup panel conductors to the aGate terminals. Refer to [Wiring requirements] for recommended cables.

After installation of the backup panel breaker, L1 and L2 will swap sides for connections (L2 is located to the left while L1 is to the right).

Without a backup panel breaker



With a backup panel breaker

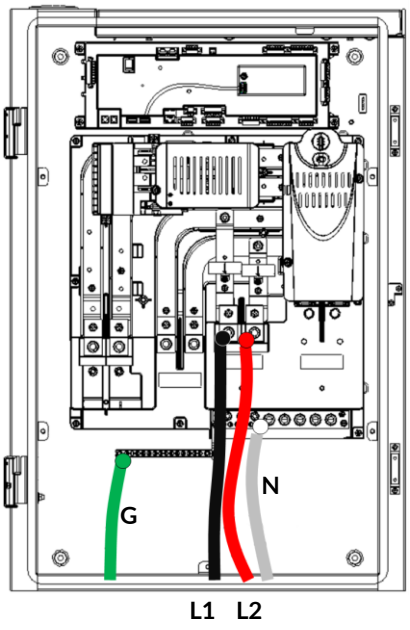


Connect the grid supply to the aGate

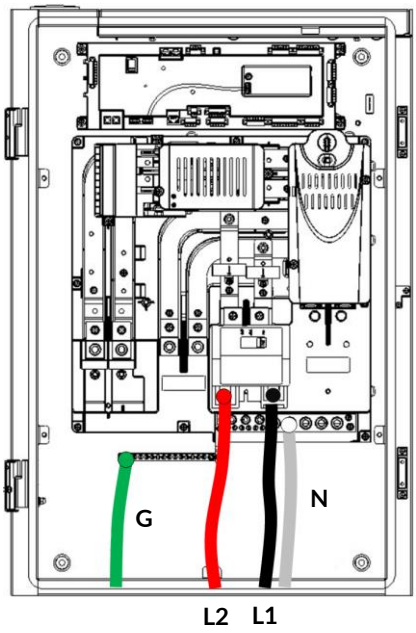
Connect the grid supply conductors to the aGate terminals. Refer to **Wiring requirements** for recommended cables.

After installation of the grid breaker, L1 and L2 will swap sides for connections (L2 is located to the left while L1 is to the right).

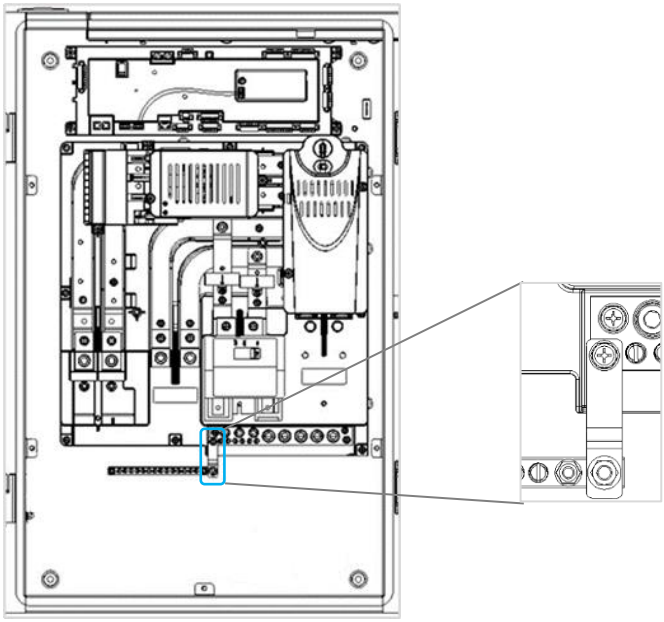
Without a grid breaker



With a grid breaker



According to NFPA 70 250 Grounding and Bonding Part V, when installed as service equipment, Ensure the panel's main breaker is appropriately labeled as "SERVICE DISCONNECT", the neutral and ground should be bonded together, as shown in the figure below.



The Neutral-Ground Bonding Jumper must only be removed if not installed as Service Equipment, or for test purposes.

A torque wrench with 11/32″ hex sockets will be needed to remove or install the bonding jumpers.

For installation, the required torque is 26.55 Lb-in. (3 Nm).

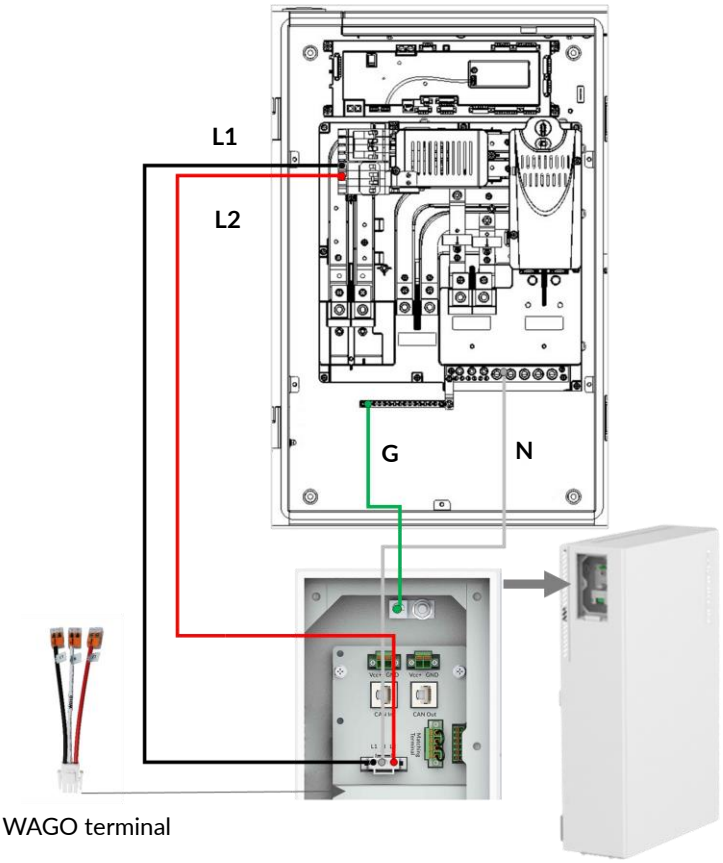
WARNING: To ensure safe operation in Backup Mode, the aGate must have a local ground connection, such as through a ground rod or ground electrode. The ground rod connection must comply with local codes and regulations.

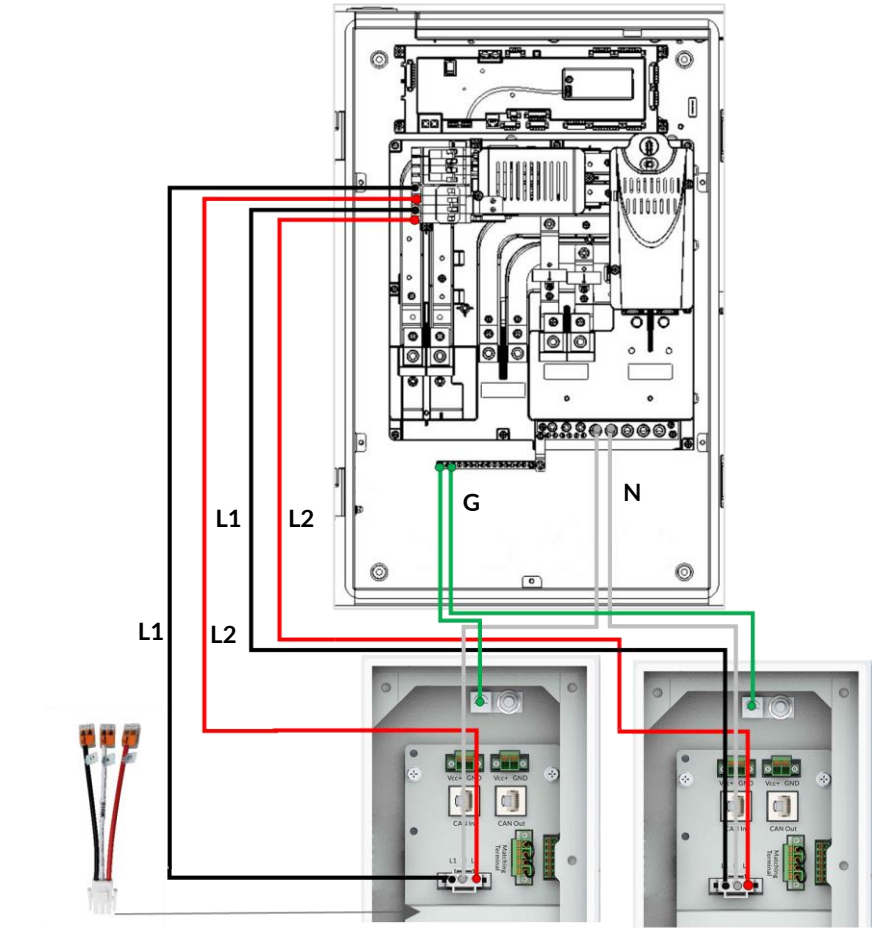
Connect aPower(s) to the aGate

Connect one or two aPower(s) to the aGate

Follow these guidelines when wiring one or two aPower(s) to the aGate:

- Use one (1) pair of wires for a single aPower connection to the aPower 2-pole breaker on the aGate.
- Use two pairs of wires for the two aPower connections to the aPower quadplex breaker on the aGate. Refer to Table 5 aPower Breaker for compatible quadplex breaker.
- The WAGO terminals of the aPower can only be connected using 10 AWG power wire.
- The recommended strip length of the cable connected to the WAGO terminal is 0.47 to 0.55 in. (12 to 14 mm).
- Refer to **Wiring Requirements** for the cable stripping length needed to connect the other end of the cable to the G bar and N bar.
- To connect the other end of the cable to the breaker, determine the cable stripping length based on the breaker configured.





WAGO terminal

The cable stripping length:
0.47–0.55 in.

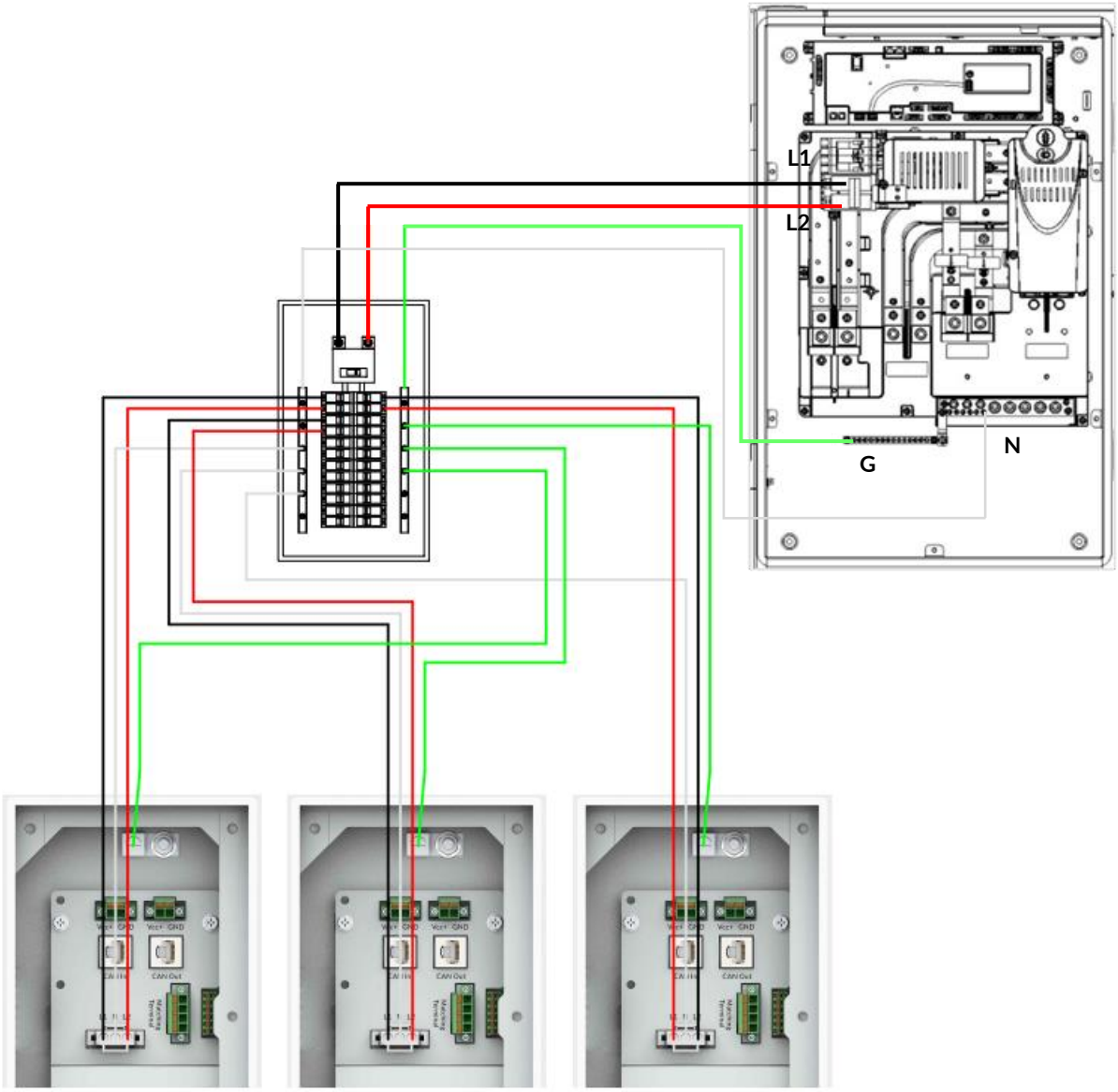


Connect three aPowers to the aGate

For connecting three aPowers, an additional combiner box will be needed and the power output cable from the combiner box should be connected to the aPower breaker in the aGate.

Each aPower is connected to the combiner box via a dedicated circuit breaker rated at 30 A.

Follow the image below to connect three aPowers to the aGate.

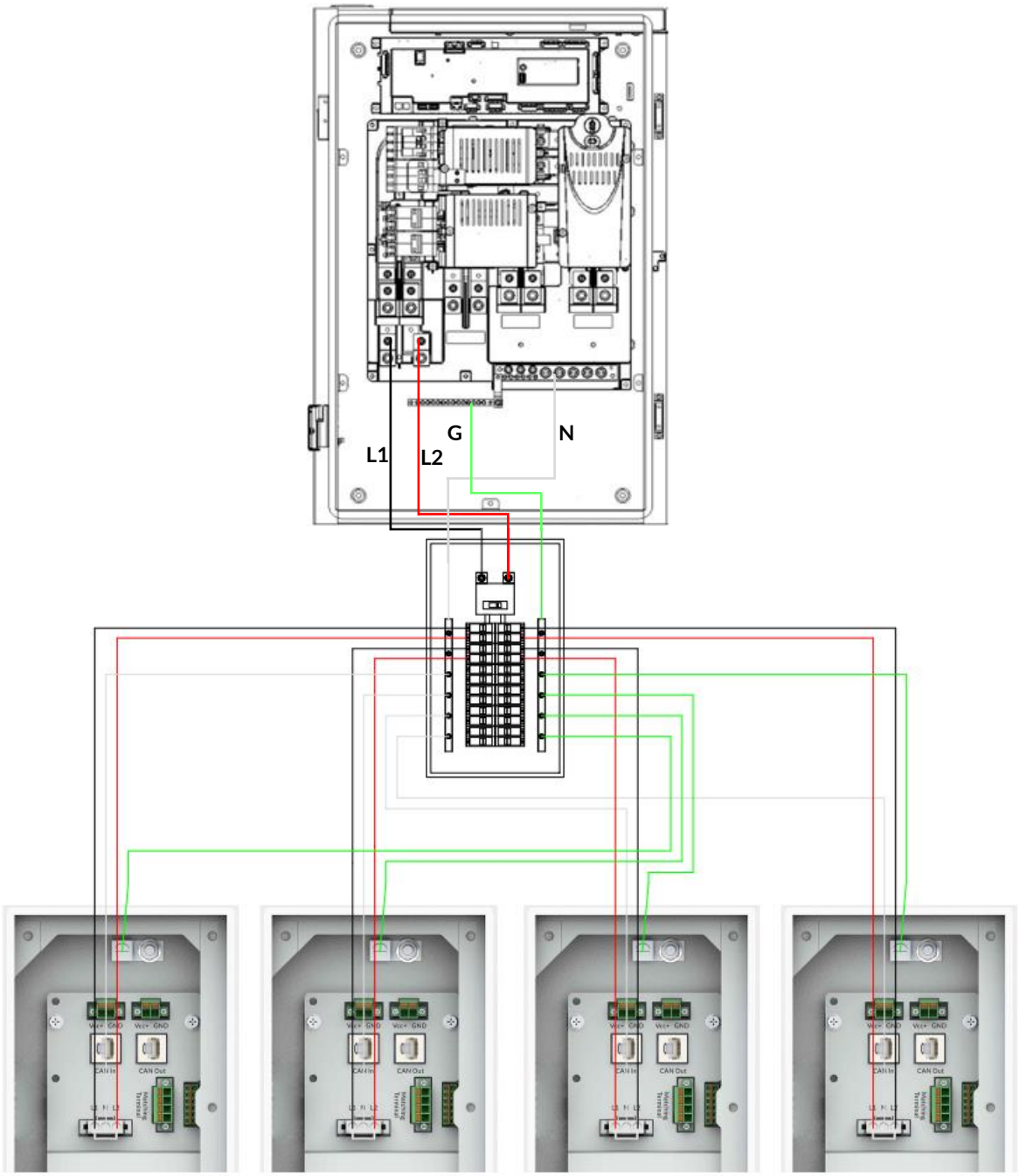


Connect more than three aPowers to the aGate (consult FranklinWH for technical support)

The circuit breaker for the aPower port supports a maximum of 100 A. If the homeowner needs to connect a circuit breaker larger than 100 A, connect through the backup loads terminals on the aGate.

There are two sets of lugs on the aGate backup load terminals. When connecting more than four aPower units to the aGate, use one set for the aPower input and one for the backup main panel output.

In this scenario, the combiner box must have a main circuit breaker that connects to the aGate.



Wiring requirements

Select the appropriate wire gauge to meet local codes.

Terminal Name	Wire Gauge	Tool	Strip Length	Torque
Single-lug Terminal	4 AWG–250 MCM CU/AL	8 mm hex wrench 5/8-18 UNF Hex head screw:	1 in.	3/0 AWG–250 MCM, 275LB-IN 4 AWG–2/0 AWG, 110 LB-IN
N bar	4 AWG–250 MCM CU/AL	8 mm hex wrench 5/8-18 UNF Hex head screw:	1 in.	3/0 AWG–250 MCM, 275 LB-IN 4 AWG–2/0 AWG, 110 LB-IN
	14 AWG–2/0 AWG CU/AL	5 mm hex wrench 7/16-20 UNF Hex head screw	1 in.	3 AWG–2/0 AWG, 110 LB-IN 14 AWG–4 AWG, 35 LB-IN
	14 AWG–4 AWG CU/AL	Straight screwdriver 1/4-28 UNF	0.6 in.	14 AWG–4 AWG, 26 LB-IN
G bar	14 AWG–2/0 AWG CU/AL	5 mm hex wrench Hex head screw: 7/16-20 UNF	0.8 in.	3 AWG–2/0 AWG, 110 LB-IN 14 AWG–4 AWG 35 LB-IN
	14 AWG–4 AWG CU/AL	Straight screwdriver 1/4-28 UNF	0.4 in./0.8 in.	14 AWG–4 AWG, 26 LB-IN

NOTE

For aPower connection, use ONLY copper conductors, rated to a minimum of 194° F (90° C).

For aGate connection, use copper or aluminum wire, rated to a minimum of 167° F (75° C).

Install Optional Emergency Power Off (EPO) Switch

When an emergency situation occurs, such as fire or a smoking battery, the user may manually press the EPO switch button to power off the entire system, when it is safe to do so. The external EPO switch is optional. Consult your local AHJ or Utility before installation.

NOTE: If the external EPO switch is not connected to the FranklinWH system, keep the factory default configuration i.e., the factory-installed EPO terminal block connector on the EMS is short connected as shown in the right figure.



Guidelines for EPO switch selection and installation:

- Must be labeled as "Emergency Stop Button," "Emergency Stop Device," "Emergency Stop Unit."
- Must have an ON/OFF switch that maintains its position after being manually set to either status.
- Must have a clear indication of the ON/OFF positions.
- Must be outdoor rated (NEMA 3R or higher).
- The maximum length of the voltage wire between the EPO switch and the aGate should not exceed 150 feet (45.3 m).
- The EPO shall have a rated voltage of 5 V or higher.

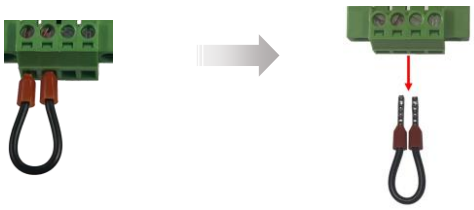
Installation Procedures

1) Make sure all breakers in the aGate and all switches connected to the aGate are disconnected. Wait at least five (5) minutes. Use a multimeter to check that the AC voltages at both input and output terminals of the aGate are zero (0), to ensure that all electrical equipment has been disconnected from the aGate.

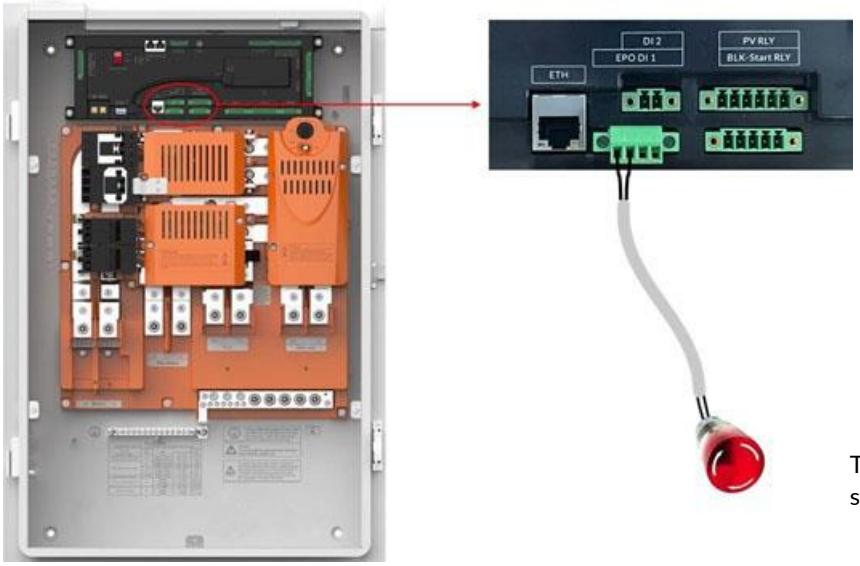
WARNING: When the EPO button is pressed, the EPO is in the OFF state. That means the EPO function has been activated to protect the system. At this time, the aPower(s) will be shut off and relays inside aGate (including the supply relay, the generator relay, the Smart Circuits relay, and the PV relay) will be disconnected. It also disconnects the utility grid and the backup port on aGate. Auxiliary power remains ON.

Do not use the EPO for maintenance operations or in any condition other than an emergency.

2) Remove the factory-installed jumper from the EPO terminal block connector on the EMS module.



3) Using wire rated at 16-24 AWG, connect pins 3 and 4 (labeled EPO) to the C (common) and NC (normal close) of an external EPO switch.



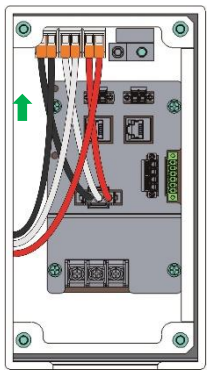
To C and NC of the EPO switch respectively

4) Attach the “Note of EPO” label from the aGate accessory bag to the aGate inner panel.

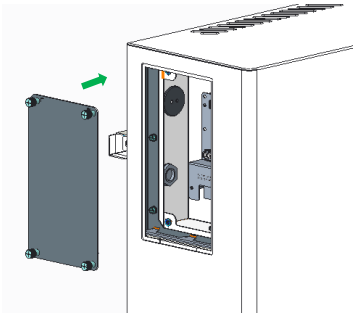
Completing Installation

Re-Install the aPower Wiring Compartment Cover and Install Grilles

① Put the WAGO terminals and cables in the wiring compartment upwards, as shown in the figure.

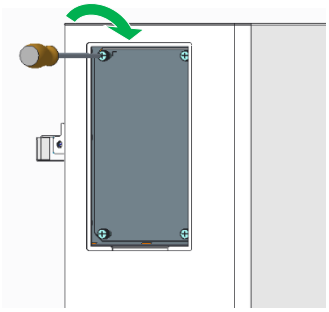


② Install the internal cover for the wiring compartment. Please check to make sure the cover label's S/N corresponds with the equipment.

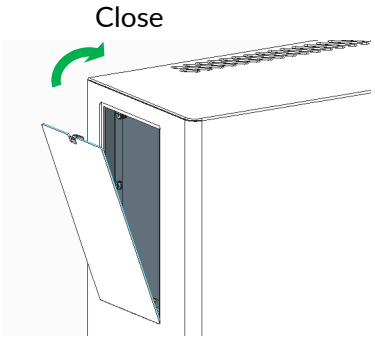


WARNING: Make sure the stripping length of cable is appropriate, the conductors are firmly secured, and there are no exposed conductors.

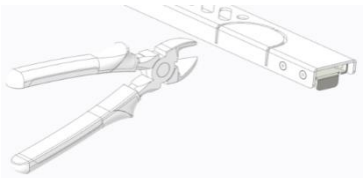
③ Tighten the four screws using a Phillips head screwdriver.



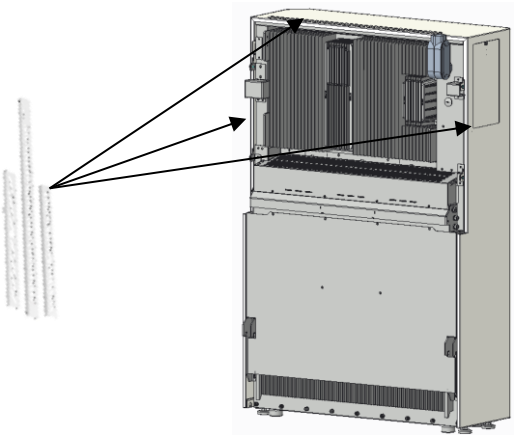
④ Install the external panel.



⑤ Use a diagonal cutting pliers to remove the knockout holes on the grille. (Remove the knockout holes in the corresponding positions according to the installation directions of the pull box, wiring and conduit).

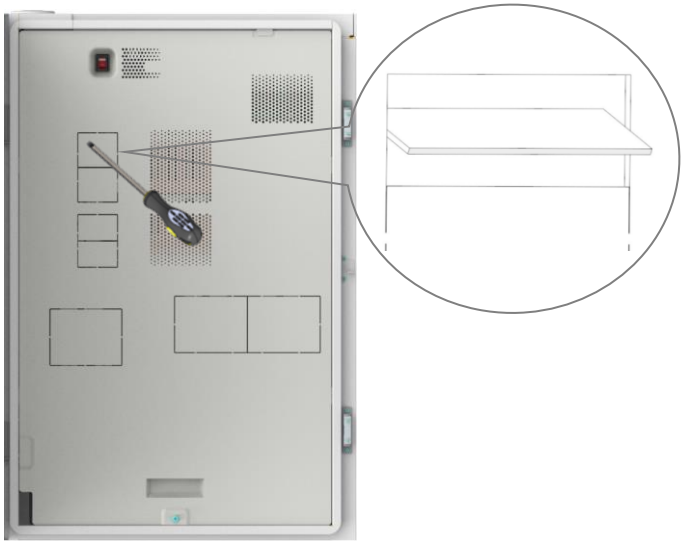


⑥ Install the three grilles.



Re-Install the aGate Door and Inner Panel

1) Re-install the aGate door.
2) Remove the knockouts on the inner panel according to the installed breakers.



3) Install the inner panel and fasten it by tightening the four original M5 x 12 combination bolts to 2.21 lbf·ft (3.0 Nm).
4) Stick the labels from the literature kit (bag with labels and accessories) on the aGate inner panel to indicate circuit locations.
5) Close the aGate door. Press the upper and lower latches to ensure that the door is tightly closed without any gaps.



NOTE: Gaps between the door and enclosure may cause water to leak into the aGate.

Commissioning and Acceptance

The FranklinWH system installation is complete. For the commissioning and acceptance process, please refer to the ***FranklinWH Commissioning Guide***.

Appendix 1: Allowed Breakers

Table 1 Grid Breaker

Grid Breaker			
S/N	**Model**	**Current**	**Description**
1	CSR2100	100 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 25 kAIC, 100 A/240 V
2	CSR2125N	125 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 25 kAIC, 125 A/240 V
3	CSR2150N	150 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 25 kAIC, 150 A/240 V
4	CSR2175N	175 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 25 kAIC, 175 A/240 V
5	CSR2200N	200 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 25 kAIC, 200 A/240 V
6	BW2100	100 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 100 A/240 V
7	BW2125	125 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 125 A/240 V
8	BW2150	150 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 150 A/240 V
9	BW2175	175 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 175 A/240 V
10	BW2200	200 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 200 A/240 V
11	BWH2100N	100 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 25 kAIC, 100 A/240 V
12	BWH2125N	125 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 25 kAIC, 125 A/240 V
13	BWH2150N	150 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 25 kAIC, 150 A/240 V
14	BWH2175N	175 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 25 kAIC, 175 A/240 V
15	BWH2200N	200 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 25 kAIC, 200 A/240 V

Table 2 Backup Port Breaker

Backup Port Breaker			
S/N	**Model**	**Current**	**Description**
1	CSR2100	100 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 25 kAIC, 100 A/240 V
2	CSR2125N	125 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 25 kAIC, 125 A/240 V
3	CSR2150N	150 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 25 kAIC, 150 A/240 V
4	CSR2175N	175 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 25 kAIC, 175 A/240 V
5	CSR2200N	200 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 25 kAIC, 200 A/240 V
6	BW2100	100 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 100 A/240 V
7	BW2125	125 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 125 A/240 V
8	BW2150	150 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 150 A/240 V
9	BW2175	175 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 175 A/240 V
10	BW2200	200 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 200 A/240 V
11	BWH2100N	100 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 25 kAIC, 100 A/240 V
12	BWH2125N	125 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 25 kAIC, 125 A/240 V
13	BWH2150N	150 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 25 kAIC, 150 A/240 V
14	BWH2175N	175 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 25 kAIC, 175 A/240 V
15	BWH2200N	200 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 25 kAIC, 200 A/240 V

Table 3 Generator Breaker

Generator Breaker			
S/N	**Model**	**Current**	**Description**
1	CSR2100	100 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 25 kAIC, 100 A/240 V
2	CSR2125N	125 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 25 kAIC, 125 A/240 V
3	CSR2150N	150 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 25 kAIC, 150 A/240 V
4	CSR2175N	175 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 25 kAIC, 175 A/240 V
5	CSR2200N	200 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 25 kAIC, 200 A/240 V
6	BW2100	100 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 100 A/240 V
7	BW2125	125 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 125 A/240 V
8	BW2150	150 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 150 A/240 V
9	BW2175	175 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 175 A/240 V
10	BW2200	200 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 200 A/240 V
11	BWH2100N	100 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 25 kAIC, 100 A/240 V
12	BWH2125N	125 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 25 kAIC, 125 A/240 V
13	BWH2150N	150 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 25 kAIC, 150 A/240 V
14	BWH2175N	175 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 25 kAIC, 175 A/240 V
15	BWH2200N	200 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 25 kAIC, 200 A/240 V

*__NOTE:__ The generator breaker may be installed outside the aGate depending on the site condition.

Table 4 PV Breaker

PV Breaker				
S/N	**Description**	**Manufacturer Model 1**	**Manufacturer Model 2**	**Manufacturer Model 3**
1	2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 30 A/240 V	Eaton# BR230	Siemens# Q230	Schneider# HOM230
2	2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 40 A/240 V	Eaton# BR240	Siemens# Q240	Schneider# HOM240
3	2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 50 A/240 V	Eaton# BR250	Siemens# Q250	Schneider# HOM250
4	2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 60 A/240 V	Eaton# BR260	Siemens# Q260	Schneider# HOM260
5	2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 70 A/240 V	Eaton# BR270	Siemens# Q270	Schneider# HOM270
6	2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 80 A/240 V	Eaton# BR280	Siemens# Q280	Schneider# HOM280
7	2-Pole, 22 kAIC, 30 A/240 V	Eaton# BRH230	Siemens# Q230H	N/A
8	2-Pole, 22 kAIC, 40 A/240 V	Eaton# BRH240	Siemens# Q240H	N/A
9	2-Pole, 22 kAIC, 50 A/240 V	Eaton# BRH250	Siemens# Q250H	N/A
10	2-Pole, 22 kAIC, 60 A/240 V	Eaton# BRH260	Siemens# Q260H	N/A
11	2-Pole, 22 kAIC, 70 A/240 V	Eaton# BRH270	Siemens# Q270H	N/A
12	2-Pole, 22 kAIC, 80 A/240 V	Eaton# BRH280	Siemens# Q280H	N/A
13	2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 2X15A/240 V	Eaton# BQC215215	Siemens# Q21515CT2	Schneider# HOMT215215
14	2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 2X20A/240 V	Eaton# BQC220220	Siemens# Q22020CT2	Schneider# HOMT220220
15	2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 2X30A/240 V	Eaton# BQC230230	Siemens# Q23030CT2	Schneider# HOMT230230
16	2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 2X40A/240 V	Eaton# BQC240240	Siemens# Q24040CT2	N/A
17	2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 2X15A/240 V	Eaton# BQ215215	N/A	N/A
18	2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 2X20A/240 V	Eaton# BQ220220	N/A	N/A
19	2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 2X30A/240 V	Eaton# BQ230230	N/A	N/A
20	2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 2X40A/240 V	Eaton# BQ240240	N/A	N/A

Table 5 aPower Breaker

aPower Breaker				
S/N	Description	Manufacturer Model 1	Manufacturer Model 2	Manufacturer Model 3
1	2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 30 A/240 V	Eaton# BR230	Siemens# Q230	Schneider# HOM230
2	2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 40 A/240 V	Eaton# BR240	Siemens# Q240	Schneider# HOM240
3	2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 50 A/240 V	Eaton# BR250	Siemens# Q250	Schneider# HOM250
4	2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 60 A/240 V	Eaton# BR260	Siemens# Q260	Schneider# HOM260
5	2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 70 A/240 V	Eaton# BR270	Siemens# Q270	Schneider# HOM270
6	2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 80 A/240 V	Eaton# BR280	Siemens# Q280	Schneider# HOM280
7	2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 90 A/240 V	Eaton# BR290	Siemens# Q290	Schneider# HOM290
8	2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 100 A/240 V	Eaton# BR2100	Siemens# Q2100	Schneider# HOM2100
9	2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 125 A / 240 V	Eaton #BR2125	Siemens #Q2125	Schneider #HOM2125
10	2-Pole, 22 kAIC, 30 A/240 V	Eaton# BRH230	Siemens# Q230H	N/A
11	2-Pole, 22 kAIC, 40 A/240 V	Eaton# BRH240	Siemens# Q240H	N/A
12	2-Pole, 22 kAIC, 50 A/240 V	Eaton# BRH250	Siemens# Q250H	N/A
13	2-Pole, 22 kAIC, 60 A/240 V	Eaton# BRH260	Siemens# Q260H	N/A
14	2-Pole, 22 kAIC, 70 A/240 V	Eaton# BRH270	Siemens# Q270H	N/A
15	2-Pole, 22 kAIC, 80 A/240 V	Eaton# BRH280	Siemens# Q280H	N/A
16	2-Pole, 22 kAIC, 90 A/240 V	Eaton# BRH290	Siemens# Q290H	N/A
17	2-Pole, 22 kAIC, 100 A/240 V	Eaton# BRH2100	Siemens# Q2100H	N/A
18	2-Pole, 22 kAIC, 125 A / 240 V	Eaton #BRH2125	Siemens #Q2125H	N/A
19	2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 2X30A/240 V	Eaton# BQC230230	Siemens# Q23030CT2	Schneider# HOMT230230
20	2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 2X40A/240 V	Eaton BQC240240	Siemens# Q24040CT2	N/A
21	2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 2X50A/240 V	Eaton# BQC250250	N/A	N/A
22	2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 2X30A/240 V	Eaton# BQ230230	N/A	N/A
23	2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 2X40A/240 V	Eaton# BQ240240	N/A	N/A
24	2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 2X50A/240 V	Eaton# BQ250250	N/A	N/A

Table 6 Smart Circuits Breaker

Breaker for Smart Circuit 1 and 2 (1-Pole)			
S/N	Model	Current	Description
1	CH120	20 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 1-Pole, 10 kAIC, 20 A/240 V
2	CH130	30 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 1-Pole, 10 kAIC, 30 A/240 V
3	CH135	35 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 1-Pole, 10 kAIC, 35 A/240 V
4	CH140	40 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 1-Pole, 10 kAIC, 40 A/240 V
5	CH145	45 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 1-Pole, 10 kAIC, 45 A/240 V
6	CH150	50 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 1-Pole, 10 kAIC, 50 A/240 V
7	CHF130	30 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 1-Pole, 10 kAIC, 30 A/240 V
8	CHF135	35 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 1-Pole, 10 kAIC, 35 A/240 V
9	CHF140	40 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 1-Pole, 10 kAIC, 40 A/240 V
10	CHF145	45 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 1-Pole, 10 kAIC, 45 A/240 V
11	CHF150	50 A	Eaton # Circuit Breaker; 1-Pole, 10 kAIC, 50 A/240 V
Breaker for Smart Circuit 1 + Circuit 2 (2-Pole)			
S/N	Model	Current	Description
1	CH230	30 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 30 A/240 V
2	CH235	35 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 35 A/240 V
3	CH240	40 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 40 A/240 V
4	CH245	45 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 45 A/240 V
5	CH250	50 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 50 A/240 V
6	CHF230	30 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 30 A/240 V
7	CHF235	35 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 35 A/240 V
8	CHF240	40 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 40 A/240 V
9	CHF245	45 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 45 A/240 V
10	CHF250	50 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 50 A/240 V

Breaker for Smart Circuit 3			
S/N	Model	Current	Description
1	CH230	30 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 30 A/240 V
2	CH235	35 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 35 A/240 V
3	CH240	40 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 40 A/240 V
4	CH245	45 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 45 A/240 V
5	CH250	50 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 50 A/240 V
6	CH260	60 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 60 A/240 V
7	CH270	70 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 70 A/240 V
8	CH280	80 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 80 A/240 V
9	CHF230	30 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 30 A/240 V
10	CHF235	35 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 35 A/240 V
11	CHF240	40 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 40 A/240 V
12	CHF245	45 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 45 A/240 V
13	CHF250	50 A	Eaton#Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 50 A/240 V

Table 7 Breaker in a combiner box

S/N	Max. Current	Description
1	30 A	Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 10 kAIC, 30 A/240 V
2	30 A	Circuit Breaker; 2-Pole, 22 kAIC, 30 A/240 V

Appendix 2: Revision History

Revision	Date	Description
V1.5	September 4, 2026	Revised the lightning protection statement in **Plan protection for aGate's input connections** section.
V1.4	2026-07-24	Updated safety instructions to align with ANSI Z535.6 by reclassifying safety messages using appropriate signal words and restructuring them using the Hazard-Consequence-Avoidance format.
V1.3	2026-04-29	Removed the following three warnings: • The FranklinWH system is composed of one or more aGate controllers, one or more aPower batter units, and other electrical components which may be used separately. • An aPower may only be connected to the aPower breaker on the aGate or to the backup load terminals on aGate. • The inputs from grid and generators may only be connected to the respective reserved terminals on the aGate.
V 1.2	2025-06-12	Added SKU details for aGate 1.3.1.
V1.1	2025-02-24	Added a note recommending sufficient spacing between adjacent aPower units or sidewalls during the installation and maintenance of PE modules.
V1.0	2024-08-28	Initial release.